

#### THE SPALDING TRADE MARK.



Experience has shown that in Base Ball and Athletic Goods, as in all other lines of business, unprincipled persons are always eager to prey on the reputation gained by honest dealing and good business management. We regret to state that we have not escaped the attention of such parties, who have appropriated our original designs, styles and names, and by using similar illustrations and descriptions, deceive the public into believing that the articles were

manufactured by us, and that we are responsible for their inferior quality. A wide acquaintance with sportsmen and an extended experience with the various sports, has enabled us to anticipate the wants of our patrons in securing outfits, and to offer only such articles as were perfectly satisfactory for our own use, knowing by practical tests that they would serve the purpose properly, and be unfailing to the purpose.

In order to protect our customers, and to preserve our reputation, we have found it necessary to place our "Trade Mark" on the higher grades of goods that we manufacture and introduce. The care and discrimination exercised in selecting only articles of the highest quality as being worthy of bearing our Trade Mark, has resulted in giving to them a reputation as being practically the best of their kind that could be produced.

In our opinion a satisfied customer is the best advertisement that we can have, and dealers and individuals will please bear in mind that on whatever article our TRADE MARK appears, we guarantee it to be exactly as represented, and wherever just cause for complaint exists, we will thank the purchaser for returning the article to us and receiving a perfect one in return, or the refunding of the purchase money.

Our line of base balls is now so well known to the trade, and they are so thoroughly appreciated by the base ball players of the country, that it seems almost unnecessary to call special attention to their superior merits. Spalding's League Ball, having stood the severe test of the National League for the last ten years, are having again been adopted as the official ball of that leading organization for t88-as well as the other prominent professional College and Amateur Associations, gives it a reputation and sale unequalled by any other ball on the market Beware of Cheap imitations; no League Ball is genuine without our Trade Mark on each box and ball, and the autograph of

A.J. Spalding

on each label.

We hope that ball players will not be misled by the remarks of interested de ders handling inferior goods, that the articles they offer "are just as good as Spalding's" and at a cheaper price. We accept their frequent references to our good whighest compliment that can be paid us, and only ask that purchasers will make their own comparisons, and be convinced that our goods are really the cheapes as they certainly are the best. Special trade prices are quoted to dealers on application.

CHICAGO. A. G. SPALDING & BROS. NEW YORK.

## PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

"Spalding's Base Ball Guide" again greets the base ball public with the official records of America's national game. First issued in 1877, it has grown in popularity, has been enlarged and improved from year to year, and is now the recognized authority upon base ball matters. The statistics contained in the "Guide" can be relied upon, nearly all of them having been compiled from official records.

The "Guide" has attained such a size—180 pages—as to preclude the possibility of publishing in the same issue the League Constitution in full, and other interesting League matter. We are therefore compelled, in addition, to publish the "Official League Rook," which contains only official League matter as furnished by Secretary Young, including the League Constitution in full.

Copies of the "Guide" or "League Book," will be mailed to any address upon receipt of twelve cents each. Trade orders supplied through the News Companies, or direct from the publishers.

### CHICAGO. A. G. SPALDING & BROS, NEW YORK

Washington, D. C., March 5, 1889.

By the authority vested in me, I do hereby certify that Messrs. A. G. Spalding & Bros., of Chicago and New York, have been granted the *exclusive* right to publish the Official League Book for 1889.

N. E. YOUNG,

Secretary National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs.

#### DEPOTS OF SUPPLIES

----FOR THE BALE OF----

# A.G. SPALDING AND BROS.

#### ... ATHLETIC COODS...

FOR the convenience of our patrons, and for the purpose of bringing our complete line of Athletic Goods more prominently before Base Ball Players, we have arranged with the following houses to carry at all times a complete line of all our Athletic Goods. Their prices will be the same as ours. Orders for goods may be sent to

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WILLIAM A. HULBERT.

The late Mr. William A. Hulbert may be justly considered as the Father of the National League, for he it was who in 1875 was mainly instrumental in bringing about the secession from the old National Professional Association in 1875, which resulted in the establishment of the National League in 1876. To Mr. Hulbert is due the credit of rescuing professional ball playing from the abuses which prevailed in the ranks at the time he first became connected with the Chicago Club. Especially to his persistent course in refusing to consert to the reinstatement of any player expelled from a professional club for crooked play, is the present honesty of the game due. Mr. Hulbert was the second President of the National League, Mr. M. G. Bulkely, the present Governor of Connecticut, being the League's first President. Mr. Hulbert died in April, 1882, from heart disease. He was essentially a reformer, and in his business and social relations sincerity and candor were marked characteristics. The National League adopted this resolution at his death: "Resolved, That to him alone is due the credit of having founded the National League, and to his able leadership, sound judgment and impartial management is the success of the League chiefly due."

# SPALDING'S BASE BALL GUIDE

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# Official League Book for 1889.

A COMPLETE HAND BOOK OF THE NATIONAL GAME OF BASE BALL.

CONTAINING

STATISTICAL REVIEWS OF THE VARIOUS PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION CHAMPIONSHIP SEASONS, AS ALSO THE RECORDS AND AVERAGES OF THE INTER-COLLEGIATE ASSOCIATIONS, EAST & WEST.

--- ADDED TO WHICH IS THE ---

#### COMPLETE OFFICIAL LEAGUE RECORD FOR 1888.

ALSO

A Brief Record of the Base Ball Tours to England in 1874, and to Australia in 1888.

TOGETHER WITH

THE NEW CODE OF PLAYING RULES, AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

ATTACHED TO WHICH IS AN OFFICIAL EXPLANATORY APPENDIX, GIVING A CORRECT INTERPRETATION OF THE NEW RULES, ALSO THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF ALL LEAGUE GAMES AND PLAYERS, AND THE OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF LEAGUE GAMES FOR 1889, PITCHERS' RECORDS IN VICTORIES FOR 1888.

Base Running and Throwing Records of 1888, with the Leading Noteworthy Events. Records of the Veteran Batsmen of the League from 1876 to 1888,

Handsomely Illustrated with Portraits and Pictures of Club Grounds, Etc.

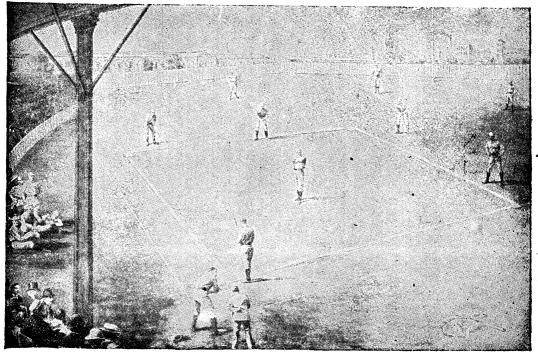
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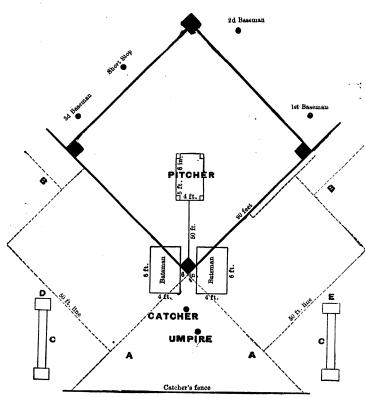
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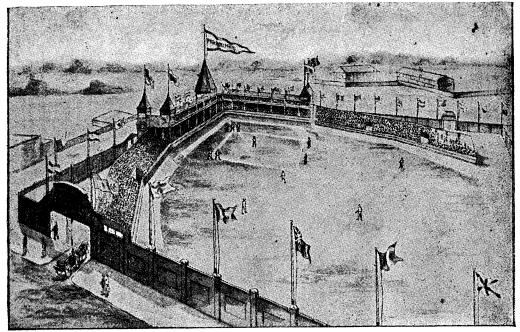


BOSTON GROUNDS,

Left



A. A. A.—Ground reserved for Umpire, Batsman and Catcher. B. B.—Ground reserved for Captain and Assistant. C.—Players' Bench D.—Visiting Players' Bat Rack. E.—Home Players' Bat Rack.



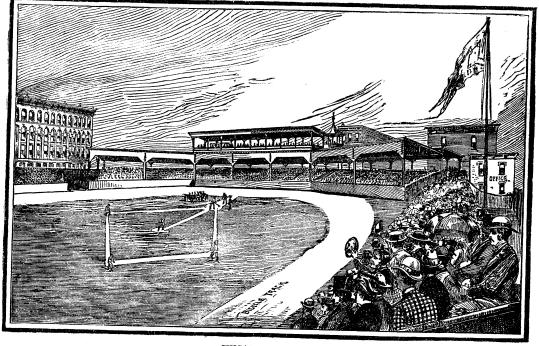
PHILADELPHIA GROUNDS.

#### PREFACE.

The publishers of "Spalding's Base Ball Guide" present to the fraternity in the GUIDE for 1889, the model baseball annual of the period; the thirteenth annual edition of the work being in every respect the most complete baseball GUIDE ever issued. Exceeding as it does every other book of the kind in size—over two hundred pages of reading matter—as also in its new feature of pictorial illustrations, it presents an epitome of the professional history of the game for 1888, unequaled by any other work of the kind previously published. In fact, the GUIDE for 1889 has been made to conform to the very exceptional year of important events its chapters record—a year which will be remembered for a long time to come as fruitful of the most noteworthy occurrences known in the annals of our national game.

The prominent features of the Guide for 1889 are the complete record of the pitching in the League and American championship contests; the instructive chapters on "the lessons of the campaign," then on "team work;" the analyses of the play in the world's championship series of contests; the new tables showing the figures of the campaigns of the past eighteen years, and especially the explanatory appendix or chapter of official instructions to umpires and captains.

The great size of the GUIDE precludes the possibility of including the games record of the League campaign, as also other records of League legislation, etc., and these will be found in the "Official League Book," which contains only official League matter as furnished by Secretary Young, including the League Constitution in full.



CHICAGO GROUNDS.

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#### INTRODUCTION.

The American national game of base ball has reached a period in its history, when it no longer needs to be referred to as a field exercise, calling for particular mention of its peculiar merits. is now the established favorite game of ball of the American people, and occupies a position in public estimation which no other field sport in vogue approaches. The game has attained its present position of popularity, not only from its adaptability to our peculiar national characteristics, as regards its possession of special points of attraction; but also from its value as a field sport which presents sufficient excitement in itself to draw thousands of spectators, without the extrinsic aid of betting as its chief point of interest, the latter attraction being something which pertains to nearly every other popular sport. Then, too, it should be borne in mind that base ball first taught us Americans the value of physical exercise as an important aid to perfect work in cultivating the mind up to its highest point. It is to the introduction of base ball as a national pastime, in fact, that the growth of athletic sports in general in popularity is largely due; and the game pointed out to the mercantile community of our large cities that "all work and no play" is the most costly policy they can pursue, both in regard to the advantages to their own health, and in the improvement in the work of their employes, the combination of work and play judiciously, yielding results in better work and more satisfactory service than was possible under the old rule. Thus, the game has acted like a lever in lifting into public favor all athletic sports.

A great deal is said about the special attraction of this and that leading sport of the day. The turfman thinks there is nothing approaching the excitement of a horse race, which from the start to the finish occupies but a few minutes of time. The rower regards a three mile "shell" race as the very acme of sporting pleasures; while the yachtsman looks upon all other contests as of trifling importance compared with that ending in the winning of his club regatta cup; and so on through the whole category of sports of the field, the forest and the river. But if any one can present to us a sport or pastime, a race or a contest, which can in all its essentials of stirring excitement, displays of manly courage, nerve and endurance, and its unwearying scenes of skillful play and alternations of success equal our national game of ball, we should like to see it.

What can present a more attractive picture to the lover of out door sports than the scene presented at a base ball match between two trained professional teams competing for championship honors, in which every point of play is so well looked after in the field, that it is only by some extra display of skill at the bat, that a single run is obtained in a full nine innings game? If it is considered, too, that base ball is a healthy, recreative exercise, suitable for all classes of our people, there can be no surprise that such a game should reach the unprecedented popularity it has.

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#### THE PROFESSIONAL SEASON OF 1888.

The season of 1888, in the professional arena, was marked by several events which placed it on record as the most noteworthy. known in the thirteen years' history of the National League. the first place it was the inaugural year of the grand movement made by the President of the Chicago Club, to extend the popularity of our national game beyond the American continent; an event which exhibited the characteristic energy, pluck, liberality and business enterprise of Mr. Spalding, in a very marked manner; the grand success which the venture met with being a well merited reward for the large financial outlay which he incurred in the experiment. Secondly, the struggle for the championship of the League, resulting as it did in the success of the New York club, gave to the East a lead in the pennant races which they had not held since 1884, when the Providence club won the championship, Chicago having held the honors in 1885 and 1886, and Detroit in 1887. The past season, too, excelled all previous years in the vast assemblages of spectators who were gathered at the grounds of the prominent clubs on holiday occasions; as also in the immense aggregate of people who patronized the professional contests of the year. It was also an exceptional year in regard to the close and exciting contest for the League pennant, between the four leading clubs of that organization; and at the end of the championship season the sequel of the contest for the base ball championship of the world finished off the campaign of 1888, in a manner that greatly added to the honors won by the victorious League club from New York. The contest for the American Association championship was also one of the interesting events of the season, and one, too, which taught aspiring clubs a lesson which they can well profit by; and that is, that success in championship contests is due far more to able management, competent captaining, and thorough team work, than to the gathering together of the strongest of star players in a club team. In the League, in this respect, while the Boston club had invested, at great financial cost, in securing the services of noted star players, the Chicago club, though weakened by the release of players from their team who had done voeman service in their ranks for years, were yet able to excel the picked team of star players of the Boston club, simply by superiority in handling those they had left to them. In the Association arena, too, a similar condition of things prevailed in the case of the St. Louis and Brooklyn clubs, the costly investment of the Brooklyn club for new players, only enabling them to reach second place in the pennant race, while the "weakened"(?) St. Louis team, by better concerted work together, were enabled to

break the record by capturing the Association pennant for the fourth successive season, something only equaled by the Boston club under the reign of the old National Association in 1872, '73, '74, and '75.

An event of the season of 1888, also, was the widening the sphere of professional club operations in the United States, by the inauguration of the Texas League, which, though not as successful as desired in its first year, nevertheless opened up a new and large territory for the occupation of the professional clubs. Closing too, as the year did with a commendable movement on the part of the League legislators to regulate the salary system so as to get rid of several costly abuses; it may be justly said that in no year since professional ball playing was officially recognized, was there so much done to promote the weltare of the national game as during the season of 1888.

The summary record of the season's work of the several professional Leagues and Association prominent during the season of 1888, is as follows:

LEAGUES.	Champion Club.	Games Played.	Per Cent. of Victories.		Ended the Season.
National League American Association. International Association Western Association	New York St. Louis Syracuse Des Moines	540 433	.641 .681 .718 .648	8	8 8 8
Southern League New England League California League	Newark	io1 209 268	.783 .620 .566 .615	7	7 2 4 4
Texas League	Dallas Lima	146 538	.660 .701	6 10	4 10

#### THE LEAGUE'S PENNANT RACE OF 1888.

The championship campaign of the League for 1888 began on April 20, with the customary home games between the eight clubs, each in its respective section, the New York team opening the season at Washington, and the Bostons at Philadelphia; while in the West Detroit opened at Pittsburg, and the Chicagos at Indianapolis, the winning clubs being New York, Boston, Pitt. burg and Chicago. By the end of the first week of the campaign Boston was in the van without a defeat being charged to them, while every other club had suffered at least one defeat, Boston leading in the race, followed by Chicago, New York, Pittsburg, Detroit, Ladianapolis, Washington and Philadelphia the latter suffering

from the great drawback of the death of their best player Ferguson, a loss which handicapped them all through the season. the end of the first week in May the contest had assumed quite an interesting phase in one respect, and that was the remarkable success of the Boston team, which, up to May 2 had won every championship game they had played, the record on May 4 leaving them in the van. By May 5, however, Chicago pulled up even with them, the two teams standing with a record of 11 victories and 2 defeats each, and a percentage of .862 at the close of the third week of the spring campaign. In the meantime Philadelphia had rallied and had pulled up to seventh place, and Detroit had overhauled Pittsburg, Indianapolis falling into the last ditch. By the end of May quite a change had been made in the relative position of the eight clubs, Chicago having gone to the front and Boston to second position, while Detroit had moved up to third place, and New York had fallen back to fourth; while Philadetphia had worked up well and had got into fifth position, Pittsburg having made a bad tumble to sixth place, leaving Indianapolis and Washington to bring up the rear.

The month of June saw more changes in the positions of all of the eight clubs except Chicago and Philadelphia, the former having tenaciously held on to first place since the last week in April; while Philadelphia steadily remained a good fifth. Boston, however, fell off badly in the running, the second week in June seeing, them down to fourth place; while by June 9 Detroit had got into second place, and was running Chicago a close race. During the last of May New York had got down to fourth position; but in the first week of June they had rallied and resumed third place; but the next week saw them fall back again, while Boston rallied back to third position. By the end of June the eight clubs occupied the following relative positions in the race. Chicago held the lead, with Detroit second, Boston third, New York fourth, Philadelphia fifth, Pittsburg sixth, with Indianapolis

and Washington as the two tail enders.

July proved to be the most important month of the season's race, as it was in this month that the New York team was effectually rallied under the personal influence of Mr. John B. Day, who from that time out took personal cognizance of the doings of the "Giants." The first week in July saw the New York team drive Boston out of third place, while Pittsburg, for the time being, was forced to occupy seventh position, Indianapolis leading them for a week in July. During the last week in July, Chicago—which club had held the lead consecutively from May 5 to July 23—took a bad tumble, and fell back to third position, while New York and Detroit stood tied for a few days for first place, until Chicago rallied, and then the Detroits were driven back; the end of July leaving New York in the van, with Detroit second, Chicago

third, Boston and Philadelphia close together in fourth and fifth positions, while Pittsburg, Indianapolis, and Washington occupied the rear positions. It was now that the race began to be intensely interesting. The steady play of the New York team gave a new feature to the contest, and it now began to be a nip and tuck fight between the "Giants" and the Chicagos for first place, with Detroit close to them as a good third. August saw the steadiest running of the season in the race, but few changes being made in the relative positions of the contestants, the last week of the month seeing New York in the van, Chicago second, Detroit third, Boston fourth, Philadelphia fifth, and Pittsburg,

Washington and Indianapolis in the rear.

The promise for an exciting close of the campaign loomed up very bright in September, and during that month, while New York and Chicago still retained their leading positions, Boston temporarily rallied, and got into third place for a week; but Detroit pushed them back, while Philadelphia began to rally for a closing dash for one of the three leading positions. At the close of September the record left New York in the van, with the assurance of a successful termination of the campaign for the "Giants," while the struggle for second place between Chicago, Boston, Detroit and Philadelphia greatly added to the excitement of the closing month of the campaign. Chicago held on to second place, and Philadelphia, which club on September 29 stood in fifth place rallied brilliantly in October, and drove Boston to fourth place and Detroit to fifth, Boston having occupied fifth place on the 6th of October, Pittsburg, Indianapolis and Washington finally bringing up the rear.

A feature of the campaign was the fact that at no time after May was it doubtful in regard to the position of Pittsburgh, Indianapolis and Washington as the three tail-enders of the race. But for this the campaign would have been the most brilliant on record. As it was, however, the contest for the three leading positions by the other five clubs made it exceedingly interesting throughout, New York's final success giving a new impetus to the

succeeding campaign of 1889.

#### THE STATISTICS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

During the League championship season of 1888 an aggregate of 552 games were played, of which 530 were victories and defeats; and 22 were drawn games, and two were won by forfeit. Of the 552 games played and won, no less than 432 were won by single figure scores, and but 98 by double figures. A noteworthy feature of the campaign was, that while the New York Club won the championship by 84 victories to Chicago's 77, with but 47 defeats to Chicago's 58, they failed to score as many runs in the aggregate as the Chicago Club did. by 659 to 725, the Chicago's major-

ity of runs being 66. The New York Club's score of runs, in fact, was exceeded by Detroit, Boston, and even Indianapolis, the latter's aggregate of runs being 666.

Below will be found a complete summary of the statistics of the League campaign of 1888:

			C. S					
	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.
Victories	84	77	69	70	68	66	50 85	48
Defeats	47	58	61	64	63	68	85	86
Drawn Games	7	I	1	3	3	4	I	2
Total Games Played	138	135	131	137	134	138	136	136
Won by Forfeit	I	ő	I	0	o	്ര	0	0
Lost by Forfeit	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Per Cent. of Victories	.641	.570	.531	.522	.519	.493	.370	.358
Series Won	5	4	2	2	3	2	ī	ő
Series Lost	ı	i	2	2	ĭ	1	6	5
Series Tied	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0
Series Unfinished	6	4	6	4	5	3	3	5
Chicago Victories	19	13	16	7	10	13	6	6
Chicago Defeats	3	9	7	13	5	19	11	23
Home Victories	44	43	37	34	41	38	31	26
Home Defeats	23	26	31	29	26	30	35	38
Victories Abroad	40	34	32	36	27	28	19	22
Defeats Abroad	24	32	30	34	37	39	50	48
Extra Innings Victories	2	I	8	6	3	6	3	o
Extra Innings Defeats	2	T	3	8	6	ი	5	4
Single Figure Victories	70	55	62	58	50	57	37	44
Single Figure Defeats	44	45	55	49	51	58	67	65
Double Figure Victories	13	23	6	12	18	9	13	4
Double Figure Defeats	4	12	6	15	12	10	18	21
Batting Average	. 240	.247		.240	.243	.223	-233	. 207
Fielding Average		.906	.919	.904		.914	.904	.899
Highest Score in Games	19	21	17	20	18	14	15	22
Worst Defeat					2-12	1-16	0-13	0-14
Won by One Run		18	28	16	10	10	12	12
Lost by One Run	12	7	16	21	19	16	28	17
Total Runs Scored	.659	.725	. 536	.669	.716	. 531	.666	.482

The following is the record of the single figure victories scored in the League championship arena in 1888:

SINGLE FIGURE VICTORIES.	New York.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Detroit.	Washington.	Indianapolis.	Victories.
New York Philadelphia Boston, Pittsburg	 4 8 7	12  9 6	10 9  7	8* 15 9	500 ms	7 6 8	13 9 12 8	11 10 9 13	70 62 58 57

SINGLE FIGURE VICTORIES	New York.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Detroit.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Victories.
Chicago Detroit. Washington Indianapolis. Defeats.	5 3 5 43	7 9 8 4 55	8 6 5 4 49	6 6 9 5 5 5 5	9 5 5 5 45	7  6 6 51	6 9  8 -65	6 8 	55 50 44 37 433

<sup>\*</sup> One victory scored by New York was from a torfeited game charged against the Pittsburg team as 9 to 0.

The following is the record of the double figure victories scored by the eight League clubs in the championship arena in 1888:

Double Figure Victories.	Chicago.	Detroit.	New York.	Indianapolis.	Boston.	Pittsburg.	Philadelphia.	Washington.	Victories.
Chicago Detroit New York Indianapolis Boston Pittsburg Philadelphia Washington	3 1 2 3	3  0 2 4 2 0	0 2  0 0 0 1 1	4 5 3  2 1 3 0	4 2 2 5  1 0	3 4 1 1 1 	1 2 2 0 0 0 1	7 2 4 3 2 1	22 13 13 13 12 9 7
Defeats	12	12	4	18	15	10	6	21	89

The following table presents the figures of the series of games won and lost in the League championship arena in 1838. The letters "w" and "L" indicate games won and lost:

	New York.	Ch cago.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Philadelphia	Boston.	Indianapolis	Washington.	Series Won.	eries	Series Tied.
	W. L	W. L.	W. L.	W.L.	W. L.	W.L.	W. L.	W. L.	1		
New York		811	11 7	10 7	14 5	12 8	14 5	15 4	5	1	0
Chicago	11 8		1010	911	810	13 7	14 6	13 6	4	1	1
Detroit	711	1010		1010	11 7	S 10	и 8	11 7	3	1	2
Pittsburg	7 . 19	1 9	1010		614	810	14 6	10 9	2		Ţ
Pittsburg Philadelphia. Boston	514	10., 8	711	14., 6		10 . 9	13 4	10 9	2	2	0
Boston	812	712	10 . 8	10 S	9 .10		11 9	15 5	2	2	0
Indianapolis,	5 14	014	S II	014	413	911		$12 \cdot 9$	1	6	0
Washington.	4 15	613	711	910	9 10	515	812		0	5	0

# OF 1888. GAMES "CHICAGO" THE

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or games in which the the League cham-The record of the "Chicago" games—or g defeated team did not score a single run—in pionship series of 1888 is appended:

	New York.	Philadelphia.	Chicago.	Pittsburg.	Detroit.	Boston	. siloqanaibal	· notgaiderW	Victories.
New York	:	-	63	4	6	-	100	9	19
Philadelphia	0	:	"	9	-	4	0	C)	16
Chicago	-	-	:	"	<b>,</b>	C1	H	4	13
ittsburg	-	64	-	:	0	63	4	3	13
Detroit	0	-	61	3-4	:	63	-	m	10
Soston	-	0	0	"	0	:	н	CI	_
ndianapolis	С	0	H	0	H	-	:	(4.	9
Washington	0	67	0	69	0	-	-	:	9
)efeats	3	7	6	61	2	13	Ξ	23	8.

# EXTRA INNINGS GAMES.

The record of the victories and defeats scored by the eight League Clubs in extra innings games in the championship series of 1888 was as follows:

Date.	Contesting Clubs.	Cities.	Pitchers.	In's
Sept. 1		Philadelp'a	SandersWidner	12 2-0
July 30	" 22. "	Boston	SandersClarkson	11 6 7 7
Sept. 22	" 7. In'polis	Indiana'olis	:	11 6-5
May 26	.2 ,,	Boston	BuffintonMadden	0 -1 01
Aug. 11	.2	Philadelp'a	:	10 I- 0
Aug. 13	v. In polis	Philadelp'a	Bufunton Burdick	10 2
Ang. 9	Pittsburg 2. Detroit	Pittsburg.	Morris Getzein	2 2
Aug	5	Chicago		12 6-4
Sept. 21	" v. Boston	Pittsburg	Ra	10 2- I
Sept. 3	" v. Indianap's	Indiana, olis	:	10 5- 4
Sept. 4	,, ',2	Indiana'olis	GalvinBoyle	10 5-4
May 10	:	Pittsburg	ວ	10 11-10
June 28	Boston v. Washington.	Boston	:	14 9- 7
Aug. 15	" 7. Derroit	Boston	ъе	12 4-3
April 21	" v. Washington.	Washingt'n	:	0 <u>1</u>
Jane 19	" v. New York	Washingt'n	:	11 8-7
	; ;	New York.	:	10 4-3
-		Washingt'n	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 4-3
	30 Indianapolis v. Detroit.	Detroit	 	-0 11
jaly 3,	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	Detroit	ت ::	7 5
	= :	ledian'polis	:	2 6 11
	Detroit v.	Boston	ر ::	10 11- 5
May 12	; ;	Detroit	5	12 3- 1
	n 2. Ind	Indian, polis	ıy	12 4-3
July 24	New York	New York.		
	Chicago 7 Boston	New York.	Keete Sanders	10 4-2
1	Circago c.	TO SOCIAL	A GITT CHITTER AND	

#### DRAWN GAMES.

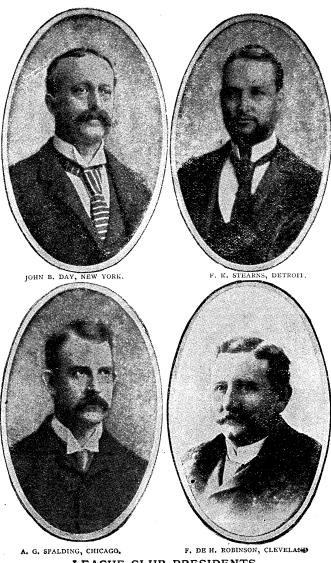
Date.	Contesting Clubs.	Cities.	Pitchers.	Innings	Score.
Aug. 13 Sept. 3 May 15 Aug. 8	New York v. Was'ngt'n Chicago v. New York, Philadelphia v. N. York New York v. Pittsburg Pittsburg v. Roston Detroit v. New York	New York. New York. Pittsburg Boston	Baldwin Welch Sanders Keefe Keefe Galvin Morris Sowders	12 11 11 11	5- 5 0- 0 3- 3 3- 3

The following is the record of the victories scored by the eight League Clubs on home grounds in the championship arena during 1888:

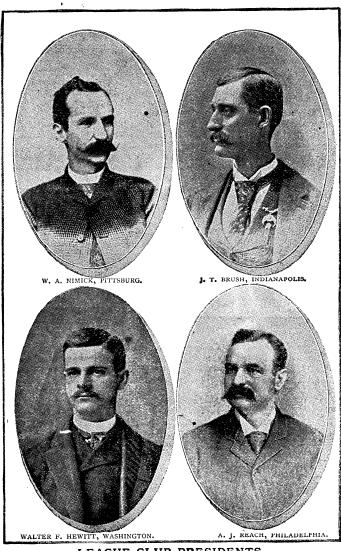
•	York.	ço.	oiladelphia.	٠	t.	urg.	apolis.	shington.	Won.
	New	Chicago.	Poilac	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg	Indianapo	Wash	Games
New York. Chicago Philadelphia Boston Detroit Pittsburg Indianapolis Washington	 6 4 3 4 3 3 1	4 4 4 5 6 5 4	8 1 8 2 3 4	5 7 3 5 6 5 3	6 5 6  7 4 4	6 4 7 6 7 4 5	7 9 6 6 8 	8 8 5 8 6 7	44 43 37 31 41 38 31 26
Games Lost	24	32	30	34	37	39	50	48	294

The record of victories on opponent's grounds is as follows:

,	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Games Won.
New York		4	6	7	5	4	7	7	40
Chicago	5		4	5	5	5	5	5	34
Philadelphia	1	6		U		0	4	5	32
Boston	5	3	8		4	4	5	7	36
Detroit	3	- 5	3	3		3	5	5	27
Pittsburg	4	5	4	2	3		0	4	28
Indianapolis	2	1	I	4	4	2		5	10
Washington	3	2	5	2	3	4	3		22
Games Lost	23	26	31	29	26	30	35	38	238



LEAGUE CLUB PRESIDENTS.



LEAGUE CLUB PRESIDENTS.

## THE LESSONS OF THE LEAGUE CAMPAIGN OF 1888.

Among the noteworthy results of the League championship campaign of 1888 meriting special comment as affording lessons to be profited by in the future, may be named, first, the success of the Eastern Club of New York, in winning the pennant from the West; secondly, that of the Chicago Club in attaining second place in the race in the face of drawbacks which, under any other management, would have sufficed to have left the Club among the tail-enders; and thirdly, the remarkable failure of the Boston Club to attain even one of the three leading positions in the race, after that club had incurred such a heavy expense in strengthening its team with "star" players. The success of the New York Club in winning the championship, introducing, as it did, a new possessor of the League pennant and its accompanying honors, may justly be regarded as an advantage to the general interests of the National League, inasmuch as it is anything but desirable that one club should, season after season, carry off the honors, as the old Boston Club did in the early history of the professional championship contest; or as the Chicago Club has done in monopolizing the championship of the National League during the past thirteen years of its history. Such monopoly of the honors of each season's campaign, by one or two of the leading clubs of each year, materially lessens the public interest taken in the annual competition. Besides which, it interferes, to a costly extent, with the financial prosperity of a majority of the competing clubs. Now that a club, new to championship honors, has replaced one of the monopolists, the other previously unsuccessful clubs will begin to entertain hopes of being able to "get in at the death," as the fox hunters say, in future pennant races, if not this ensuing year, and thereby a new interest will be imparted to coming campaigns.

A feature of the past campaign of 1888 worthy of remark, too, is the fact of the surprisingly good work on the field accomplished by the so-called "weakened Chicago team." While this work was unquestionably due in a great measure to able management, the assisting element of "temperance in the ranks" had much to do with it. It is equally unquestionable that the very reverse had a great deal to do with the lamentable failure of the Boston team to follow up the success with which that club's team opened the campaign. The contras, these two clubs presented in this special respect calls for the most earnest consideration of the vital question of insisting upon temperate habits in all the club teams during the period of the championship season each year. The evil of drunkenness among the professional teams is one which has grown upon the fraternity until it has become too costly an abuse

to be longer tolerated. Drunken professionals should be driven from service just as the crooks of a dozen years ago were, never to be allowed to return. Drunken players are not only a costly drawback to success individually, but they permeate the whole baseball fraternity with a demoralizing influence. The fact is, professional baseball playing has arrived at that point of excellence, and reached so advanced a position in regard to its financial possibilities, that it will no longer pay, in any solitary respect, to allow players of drinking habits in first-class teams. The demands of the game, as it is now played, are such as to require a player to have all his wits about him to play ball up to the standard it has now reached. He needs the steadiest of nerves, the clearest eyesight, the most unclouded judgment, and the healthiest physique to play the game as it is required to be done by the exacting public patrons of the present day. Another thing, the capitalists who have ventured thousands of dollars in baseball stock companies, can no longer allow their money to be risked in teams which are weakened by the presence of men of drinking Mr. Spalding's plucky and most successful experiment has conclusively shown that a baseball team run on temperance principles can successfully compete with teams stronger in other respects, but which are weakened by the toleration of drinking habits in their ranks. Here is a lesson taught by the campaign of 1888 which points a moral, if it does not adorn a tale.

Another special lesson of the past campaign which was practically illustrated by the Boston Club was, that star players do not make a winning team. The fact is, the pennant cannot be won by any costly outlay in securing the services of this, that, or the other "greatest player in the country." It is well managed and harmonious teams, not picked nines led by special stars, which win in the long run. Now and then—as there are exceptions in all cases—a picked nine will attain a certain degree of success. But for steady struggles for permanent success in the professional championship arena, team work of the very best, and admirably managed teams will alone achieve steady victory. The old Boston teams under Harry Wright, and the Chicago teams under Anson, are a standing proof of this fact. Let the National League magnates ponder these truths earnestly.

#### THE LEAGUE PITCHING OF 1888.

While there is no more reliable a record, by which to estimate a pitcher's skill in the box, than the figures showing the runs clean earned off the pitching; in the absence of such figures the best criterion is that of the record of victories and defeats pitched in, the percentage of victories to games played being the deciding point in awarding the palm of superior work in the box. In 1888 the pitchers were handicapped by the absurd rule which charged

runs scored on bases on balls as earned runs, successive bases on balls giving an earned run to the batting side, even in the absence of a single base hit. To estimate a pitcher's skill on such a basis is nonsense. As the scoring rules do not admit of the record of data showing runs clean earned off the pitching, and not off the fielding and pitching combined, we are obliged to make up a record of the percentage of victories as the only reliable figures at command on which to judge the pitching of the season. By and by the Committee of Conference will get out of the old rut in this respect, and then correct data will be available; until then we must do the best we can under the circumstances, and consequently the names of the pitchers of the League Clubs who took part in not less than ten games are appended, and these are placed in the order of the best percentage of victories.

	PITCHERS.	CLUB.	Wos.	Lost.	Played.	Percentage.
1	Keefe	New York	35	12	47	745
2	Conway	Detroit	31	14	45	.689
3	Buffinton	Philadelphia	29	15	41	.659
4	Sanders	Philadelphia	19	10	20	.655
5	Krock	Chicago	25	14	39	.641
6	Titcomb	New York	14	8	22	.636
7	Clarkson	Boston	33	20	53	.623
8	Tener	Chicago	7	5	12	. 583
9	Welch.	New York	26	19	45	.577
	Sowders	Boston	19	15	34	559
ΙI	Morris	Pittsburg	29	21	53	.517
	Van Haltren	Chicago	13	11	21	542
	Staley	Pittsburg	12	12	24	.500
14	Burdick	Indianapolis	10	10	20	.500
	Galvin	Pittsburg	23	25	48	.479
	Whitney	Washington	19	21	40	.475
17	Baldwin	Chicago	13	15	28	-404
	Gruber	Detroit	11	13	24	. 158
	Crane	New York	5	6	ΙI	•455
	Casey	Philadelphia	14	19	33	.424
21	Beatin	Detroit	18	7	12	1.417
22	Getzein	De troit		26	44	.409
23	Boyle	Indianapolis	15	22	37	.405
	Madden	Boston	7	12	19	.368
	Widner	Washington	4	7	11	.364
	O'Day	Washington	16	31	47	-340
	Shreve		11	24	35	.314
	Radbourne		7	16	23	.304
29	Gleason	rnnagerpnia	_ 7	17	21	.202

Some remarkable pitching was done during the season of 1888, alike in the American arena, as in the League. The strategic work was up to a very high mark in the League, and in this, Keefe, Conway, Buffinton, Clarkson, Welch, Galvin, and Morris

bore off the palm, while in speed alone, Crane of New York excelled.

The detailed record of victories and defeats pitched in during the championship campaign of 1888 by those who pitched in at least five victories, is as follows. The names are given in the order of most victories and fewest defeats:

#### VICTORIES.

							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
*	York.		Philadelphia			ρic	Indianapolis.	Washington	s.
		Chicago.	lade	Boston,	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	iana	shir	Victories.
	New	Chi	Phi	Bos	Ďet	F	Ind	ĕ	Vic
Keefe		3	5 5 5	5	5	3	8	6 6	35
Clarkson	5 5		5		0	1	5		33
Conway		5	5	2		5.		3	31
Buffinten	3	3		5	2		5	3	29
Morris	6	3	4		. 3		4	3	29
Welch		3	5	6	1	4	3	4	26
Krock	5	-	2	3	4	3	4	4	25
Sanders	0	3		3	1	3	5 2	4	19
Sowders	3	1	2		2	4		5	19
Whitney	3	. 3	4	3	1	3	2		10.~
Getzein	0	4	4	2		2	3	3	18
O'Day	1	2	3	2	3	3	2		16
Boyle	2	1	2	4	2.	1		3	15
Titcomb		7	2	1	3	2	1	4	14
Casey	1	2		2	4	2	2	1	14
Van Haltren	0		2	1	2	2	2	4	13
Baldwin	3		1	3	2	2	2	0	13
Staley	ŏ	2.	0	ï	1		5	3	12
Gruber	2	1	1	3		i	2	1	11
Shreve	2	1	0	3	3	1		1	7.1
Burdick	1	3	0	7	1	3		I	10
Tener	2		0	2	r	0	1	1	7
Madden	0	0	2		0	3	I	1	7
Radbourne	0	1	0		2	T	റ	3	7
Gleason	I	0		0	0	3	1	2	7 7 7
Crane		1	2	0	1	ŏ	0	1	. 5
Beatin	0	o	0	1		1	0	3	5 5
		-							

#### DEFEATS.

	New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit,	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Defeats.
Tener	1		2	0	0	o	1	1	5
Crane		0	0	0	1	1	2	2	6
Beatin	1	2	I	2		0	I	0	7
Titcomb		1	0	1	3	2	0	1	8
Sanders	3	2		2	1	I	0	1	10

The second second ASS of the Manager As of all Managers and Assess and the second seco						<u> </u>			
	ξ.		Philadelphia			à.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	The state of the s
	York.	ago	adel	ů.	ojt.	burg	ınap	hing	ats.
	New	Chicago.	Phil	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg	ndi	Was	Defeats
9 11 1				-					
Burdick	I 2	I	3	I 2	I	0		3	10
Keefe	3	4	i	4	3	2 I	2	0	11
Staley	2	I	2	2	3		ī	1	12
Madden	3	2	2		2	2	1	0	12
Gruber	3	1	2	2-		0	2	3	13
Conway	2	2	I	2		3	1	3	14
Krock	2		2	3	2	3	1	1	14
Buffinton	4	2 2	• • • •	3	2 2	2	1	I	15
Baldwin	3	2	·4 I		4	2	2 2	0 2	15
Radbourne.	2	5	o	'	2	4 2	2	3	15
Gleason	2	3		3	3	1	ō	5	17
Welch		3	4	3	2	2	I	I	19
Casey	5	I		ī	5	2	3	2	19
Clarkson	4	3	4		2	2	3	2	20
Whitney	4	I	2	5	2	4	3		2 i
Boyle	5	5	3	3	I	5		o	22
Morris	3	4	4	2	3	•••	2	6	24
ShreveGalvin	4	4	4	2	5	3	•••••	2	24
Getzein	4 5	3	7	5	3	• • • • •	1	2	25 26
O'Day	4	3 5	4	4 5	3	7	3 7		31
						, ,		1	

These pitching records not only present a tolerably fair criterion of a pitcher's skill in the box—though of course not as reliable as the data of clean earned runs off his pitching or of clean hits made from it—but they afford an interesting and instructive record from which to judge of the success of a pitcher in defeating one particular team more frequently than he does another, and vice versa. In fact, experience has shown that no matter how effective a pitcher may be in a season's work, it will be found that there is always one team which bothers him more than any other he has to face, just as shown in the above quoted instances.

In regard to judging of a pitcher's ability as a fielder in his position by the fielding averages of pitchers, the basis was made equally as unreliable as the estimate of earned runs was, owing to the fact that the data of the fielding averages of a pitcher were made up from the figures of "assistance on strikes" as well as from legitimate fielding assistances. For this reason the pitcher, who was really a poor fielder in his position in fielding balls from the bat, but who happened to be fortunate in striking batsmen out by his pitching—thereby getting a big record of pitching assistances—became the leader in the pitcher's fielding averages; while the pitcher who really excelled as a fielder when in the box, but who was not as fortunate in striking out his batting opponents, and therefore could not furnish as good a record of assistances on strikes, was set down in the fielding averages as a tail-ender.

The individual club record of the pitching of 1888 presents some interesting figures. For instance, we find that while Chicago used no less than eleven pitchers during the championship season Philadelphia was content with but four. No less than twenty new pitchers entered the League season in 1888, and of these, Sanders of Philadelphia; Tener and Krock of Chicago; Sowders of Boston; Staley of Pittsburgh; Burdick of Indianapolis, and Widner of Washington, proved to be acquisitions.

Below will be found the individual club pitching records for 1888, showing the victories and defeats each club pitcher participated in as an occupant of the box. The names given in italics

are those of pitchers new to the League arena:

EASTERN CLUBS.

New York.	į.	Cnicago.	Deiledelahin	r miaucipma.	f	Boston.		Detroit		Fittsburg.		Indianapolis.		Washington.		Γota	ls.
	w	L.	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L.	w	L.	P.
Keefe Welch Titcomb Crane George Weidman	3 3 1 0 0	4 6 1 0 0	5 5 2 0 2 0	1 4 0 0 0	561000	4 3 1 0 0	5 1 3 1 0	0 2 3 1 0 1	3 4 2 0 0	1 2 2 1 1 0	8 3 1 0 1	2 I O 2 O O	6 4 4 1 0	O I I 2 O	35 26 14 5 2	12 19 8 6 1	47 45 22 11 3 2
Totals	8	11	14	5	12	8	11	7	*9	7	14	5	15	4	83	47	130

\*One game with Pittsburg was won by forfeit.

Снісадо.		New York.		Fulladeipula.	77	poston.	:	Detroit.		L'ittsburg.	:	Indianapolis		Washington.	т	otai	ls.
	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L	w.	L.	w.	L.	w	L.	P.
Krock Van Haltren	5	2 2	2 2	2	3	3	4 2	2	3	3	4	1	4	I	25 13	14 11	39 24
Baldwin	3	1	I	I	3	1	2	4	2	4	2	2	o	2	13	15 5 1	24 28
Tener	2	1	0	2	2	0	1	o	0	o	I	1	1	1	7	5	12
Dwyer	0	1	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	Ţ	0	2	0	4		5 9
Borchers	0	0	I	1	1	0	0	I	1	2	1	0	0	1	4	5	9
Ryan	I	0	I	0	0	I	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4
Gumpert	0	1	0	1	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	3	
Clark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
Brynan	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3
Mains	0	0	0	I	0	0	О	0	0	0	. 1	0	0	0	I	I	2
Totals	11	8	8	*9	12	7	10	10	9	11	14	6	13	6	77	57	134

<sup>\*</sup>One defeat with the Philadelphia Club was by forfeit.

PHILA- DELPHIA.	Morre Vonl.		C. C. C.	Cincago.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ъозгон.		Detroit.	Dittohuse	rucsourg.	Todionomolic	moranapons.	Workington	vv asmington.	т	'ota	ls.
	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	ъ.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	P.
Buffinton, Sanders Casey Gleason	3 0 1	4 3 5 2	4 3 2 0	2 2 1 3	5 3 2 0	3 2 1 3	2 1 4 0	2 1 5 3	7 3 2 3	2 I 2 I	5 5 2 1	1 0 3 0	3 1 1 2	I 1 2 5	29 19 14 7	15 10 19	44 29 33 24
Totals	5	14	*0	8	10	9	7	11	*15	6	13	4	10	9	60	71	130

W, L, P.   Clarkson   5   4   5   3   5   4   6   2   1   2   5   3   6   2   33   20   53   50wders   3   3   1   2   2   4   2   2   4   2   2   2   5   0   19   15   34   Madden   0   3   0   2   2   2   0   2   3   2   1   1   1   0   7   12   19   Madden   0   2   1   5   0   0   2   2   1   2   0   2   3   3   7   16   23   Conway   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	Boston.	Now Year		Chicogo	Cincago.	DF:101	r miadeipnia.	1	Detroit.	D:++:1	Littenug.	Tedionomic	mulanapous.	1170.01.	washington.	Т	'otal	ls.
Totals 8 12 7 10 0 10 10 8 10 8 11 0 15 5 70 64 134	Madden Radbourne Conway	5 3 0 0 0	4 3 3 2	5 1 0 t	3 2 2 5	5 2 2 0	4 4 2 0	6 2 0 2	2 2 2 2 2 0	 1 4	2 2 2 2 0	5 2 1 0	3 2 1 2	6 5 1 3	2 0 0	33 19 7	20 15	53 34 19

DETROIT.		Liew & Ork.		Cnicago.	Dr. C. L. L.	rmiadeipma.	4	Doston.	i	riuspurg.	T- 41:0	fundana pons.	Washington	. meaning to II.	1	'ota	ls.
Conway Getzein Gruber Beatin Baldwin	5 0 2 0 0	2 5 3 1 0	w. 5 4 1 0	2 3 1 2 2	5 4 1 0	I 3 2 1 0	w. 2 2 3 1	2 4 2 2 0	5 2 1 1	3 7 0 0	6 3 2 0 0	I. 3 2 I	W. 3 3 1 3 1	3 1 3 0 0	31 18 11 5	14 26 13 7	45 44 24 12 6
Totals	7	11	10	10	11	7	8	10	10	10	11	8	, I	7	.68	63	131

PITTSBURG.	Moss Vord	New LOIR.	Objection	Cnicago.	DL ile dela bio	Fulladelpina.	p	Dosich.	.:	Detroit.	Indianapolis.		Washington	9	Т	'otal	s.
	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	P.
Morris Galvin	6	3	3 5	4	4 2	4	6	2 5	3	3	4 5	2 I	3	6	29 23	24 25	53 48
Stalev	0	2	2	I	ő	2	ī	2	I	3	5	I	3	1	12	12	24
Knell	0	О	o	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	3
Henderson	0	0	1	0	0	I	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	I	4	5
Maul	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Totals	7	*9	11	9	6	*15	3	10	10	10	14	-6	10	9	66	68	134

\*One game with New York was forfeited, and one defeat with Philadelphia thrown out.

Indian- apolis.	Now Vorb	TACK TOTAL	Chiongo	Cuicago.	Dhilodelphia	I maderburg.	Boston	DOSCOII.	Detroit		Dittehan	t ittsoms.	Woshington	washing com-	Т	otal	ls.
Boyle	w.	L. 5	W.	L. 5	w. 2	L. 3	w.	1 3	w. 2 2	I 3	W.	L. 5	w. 3 5	и. о 3	w. 15	22 24	P. 37 36
Shreve Burdick Moffat	2 I 0	4 I I	3 0	4 I O	0 0	4 3 1	3 I O	2 1 2	3	5	3 0	3 0	I I 2	3	11 10 2	24 10 5	35 20 7
Totals	5	14	6	14	4	13	9	11	8	11	6	14	12	8	50	85	135

Washing- ton.	Nous Voul	INCW LOIK.	Chiooco	Cincago.	Dhilodolphia	ı ımadeıpına.	Doctor	inoscori.	Dormoit	- Sea out.	Distrib	riuspurg.	T-450-0110	mutantapons.	Т	'otal	ls.
•	w.	L	w.	I.,	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	Р.
****								_	-		-		2	-	18	21	40
Whitney	3	4	3	I	4	2	3	5	I	2	3	4		3	16		
O'Day	1	4	2	5	3	4	2	5	3	3	3	3	2	7		31	47
Keefe	0	2	0	2	0	I	0	1	2	1	2	0	2	O	6	7	13
Widner	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	I	0	4	7	11
Daily	0	0	ī	1	0	0	0	I	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	4	6
Gilmore	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	r	0	2	0	2	0	1	1	10	11
Greening	0	ő	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Haddock	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2
Shaw	0	0	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	r	0	0	0	1	0	3	3
CALCATY							<u>ـــــــ</u>		Ĺ.,			1	1				
Totals	4	15	6	13	9	10	5	15	7	11	9	10	8	12	48	86	134

The retiring pitchers of the year were McCormick of Pittsburgh, Ferguson of Philadelphia, who died early in the scason; Weidman and Twitchell of Detroit; Shaw of Washington: Mattimore of New York; Pyle and Sprague of Chicago; Leitner, Morrison and Kirby of Indianapolis, and Stemmyer of Boston

#### THE MONTHLY RECORDS.

The month of April saw Boston taking the lead in the record of victories for that month, that club not sustaining a single defeat in April. Chicago stood second, with New York and Pittsburgh tied in the number of victories and defeats credited and charged to each club, Detroit standing fifth, while Indianapolis, Philadelphia and Washington brought up the rear.

In May Chicago led all the other teams in their victories that month; Detroit being second, Philadelphia third, New York fourth, and Boston fifth, Indianapolis being sixth, with Pittsburgh and Washington tied for last place in the May record, Boston and

Pittsburgh falling off badly this month.

In June Detroit won the most victories, it being their best month's work of the season, Chicago being second, Philadelphia third, New York fourth, Boston fifth, Washington sixth, with Indianapolis seventh and Pittsburgh last, it being the latter club's

poorest month's work of the campaign.

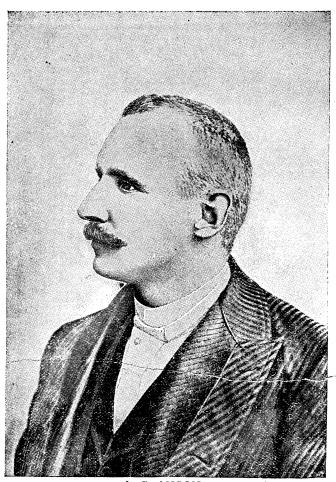
In July the new rule of management, inaugurated by Mr. Day, placed New York in the front, and the result was that the "Giants" in July made the best month's record of the season, over 18 victories to but five defeats; Detroit stood second on the list in July victories, with Pittsburgh third, the latter making a good rally in July; Indianapolis, too, played well this month and stood fourth, Washington being fifth, and Chicago sixth, the latter taking a bad tumble, Philadelphia and Boston being the two last in July victories, Boston winning but five victories out of twenty-two games, that club's worst monthly record.

In August Boston rallied in brilliant style, scoring 16 victories out of 22 games, quite a contrast to their poor work in July; New York was second, and Pittsburgh third, the latter doing better, even, than in July; Philadelphia stood fourth, Chicago fifth, Washington sixth, with Indianapolis seventh and Detroit last, the latter only winning five victories out of 21 games in August.

In September Chicago rallied well and went to the front in the record of the month's victories, Pittsburgh being second, New York third, Detroit fourth—the latter rallying; Philadelphia sixth, with Indianapolis and Washington bringing up the rear. By the close of the month New York had virtually settled the question of the championship, and the only struggle left was that for second place.

In October Philadelphia made its usual "spurt" at the finish, and that club won eight out of nine games in October, after giving Chicago a close fight for second place, and came in a good third in the pennant race. New York was second in the October victories, Boston third, Pittsburgh and Washington tied for fourth, Chicago was sixth—that club gaining second position in the pennant race; Indianapolis and Washington being the two last. Here is the full record of the monthly victories and defeats of the campaign:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ap	ril.	M	ıy.	Ju	ne.	Ju	y.	Aı	ıg.	Se	pt.	O	ct.	T	otal	s.
	w.	L.	w.	, L.	w.	L.	w.	L,	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	L.	Р.
New York Chicago Philadelphia Boston Detroit Pittsburg Indiana: olis Washington	9 3 5	3 2 7 0 5 3 6 7	12 15 12 11 14 7 8	9 7 7 13 8 14 14	13 14 13 12 16 5 7	11 8 10 11 6 15 14 14	10 9 5 14 13	5 14 15 17 10 9 11	16 12 15 16 5 16 6 10	S 13 9 6 16 9 21	13 16 10 12 13 15 10	8 9 12 12 11 12 13	7 4 8 5 3 5 4 5	3 5 7 6 6 6	84 77 69 70 68 66 50 48		131 135 130 134 131 134 135



A. C. ANSON.

#### THE LEADING PLAYERS OF THE LEAGUE.

Looking over the League averages, and taking those players who have taken part in a majority of the championship contests of the season, we find the appended names among those occupying the leading positions at the bat and in the field.

Of those who played in one hundred games and over in the League championship arena, the following comprise the first ten batsmen:

Batsmen.	Club.	Games.	Fer cent. of Base Hits.
1 Auson. 2 Ryan. 3 Kelly. 4 Brouthers. 5 Ewing. 6 White. 7 Johnston 8 Tiernan. 9 Connor. 10 Nash.	Chicago. Boston. Detroit. New York. Detroit. Boston. New York. New York. New York.	130 105 129 103 125 135 113	·343 ·331 ·318 ·306 ·306 ·298 ·295 ·293 ·291 ·283

Of those who played in one hundred games and over in the League campaign, the following are the first seven in fielding averages:

Fielders,	Position.	Club.	Games.	Fielding Average	Per cent, of Base Hits.
Glasscock	Second Baseman. Third Baseman. Short Stop Left Fielder Center Fielder	Boston Indianapolis Boston	135 104 109 107 103	.942 .913 .900 .947 917	•3+3 .226 .283 .269 .239 .245 .293

Of the pitchers who took part in 50 games and over, the following led in fielding averages:

No pitcher or catcher played in 100 games.

Pitchers.	CLUB.	Games, Fielding Average, Per cent. of Base Hits,
Keefe Galvin Morris. Clarkson	Pittsburg	51 .785 .127 50 .758 .143 54 .732 .102 54 .678 .195

Of the catchers who took part in 60 games and over, the following led in fielding averages:

Catchers.	Съць.	Games.	Fielding Average. Per cent. of Base Hits.
Daly	Washington	08	.941 .263 .880 .191 .874 .247 .861 .306 .843 .186 .805 .277 .796 .318

#### THE BASE RUNNING RECORD.

Those of the League championship players who are credited with not less than 50 stolen bases in the pennant race, are as follows:

Base Runners.	Club.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
Seery Sunday Pfeffer Ryan Fogarty Kelly Ewing	Washington Indianapolis Pittsburg Chicago Chicago Philadelphia Boston New York New York	136 133 119 136 130 120 105 103	82 80 71 64 60 58 56 53 52

The above are the leaders in seven of the eight League clubs. Hanlon led in the Detroit team, but he only scored 38 stolen

bases in 108 games. The Detroit team was singularly weak in this respect.

Mr. R. M. Larner of Washington has made up an interesting table from the figures of the League averages, which presents some very interesting statistics of the base running in the League during the championship season of 18:8. Mr. Larner says:

"The official averages of League players contain the number of bases stolen by each player during the season, but furnish no means of comparison between the clubs in that most important department of the game. A glance, however, shows that the three tail-end clubs possess the three most successful base-runners in the League, in Hoy of the Washingtons; Seery of Indianapolis, and Sunday of Pittsburgh, the latter of whom would probably have finished first had an accident not prevented him from playing during the last two weeks of the season."

The following table includes in its first column all those methods of reaching first base, except the force-outs, which cannot be ascertained, and would not materially affect the record, in this comparison. Indianapolis and Washington still lead, Pittsburgh comes well to the front, pushing the next three clubs down a peg each, and the Phillies and Detroits keep their places at the foot:

Clubs.	Reached 1st Base.	Stolen Bases.	Percent- ages.
Indianapolis	1,589	350	220
Washington	1,515	331	218
Pittsburg	1,474	282	191 178
New York	1,772	315	178
Boston	1,719	292	170 166
Chicago	1,720	285	166
Philadelphia	1,560	292 285 246	157
Washington Pittsburg New York Boston Chicago Philadelphia D-troit	1,843	193	105

Mr. Larner says: "The simple total of bases stolen is misleading as to a club's proficiency in base running, since the strong batting clubs having more men who reach first base have more chances to steal, and hence excel in totals, while in percentages they fall below clubs which are weaker in batting. The true measure is the relation between the number of bases stolen and the number of chances offered for the attempt, which is the whole number of those who reach first base, whether on hits, balls, errors, hits by pitcher, illegal delivery, or force-outs."

#### THE CLUB RECORD OF STOLEN BASES.

The record in stolen bases in championship games, showing the first man of each club in base stealing for 1888 is appended.

Taking the total bases stolen by each club nine as the criterion, Indianapolis takes the lead, with Washington second and New York third, followed by Chicago, Boston, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Detroit in regular order, the latter club being the weakest of the eight League teams in base running. Here is the record in full:

ord in full:					
INDIANAPOLIS.			BOSTON.		
Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases,
I Seery.  McGeachy.  Glasscock  Denny.  Hines  Myers  Bossett  Daily.  Esterbrook	133 118 112 126 132 66 128 57	48 32 31 28 24 15	I Kelly 2 Brown 3 Johnston 4 Wise 5 Hornung 7 Nash 8 Quinn 9 Sutton	105 107 135 104 107 134 135 38 28	
Total		318	Total	••••	263
WASHINGTON,			PITTSBURG.		
Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
Hoy   Wilmot   2 Wilmot   3 Donnelly   4 Daily   5 Mack   5 Schock   7 Myers   1 Frwin   9 O'Brien   1 Wilmon   1 Frwin   9 O'Brien   1 Wilmon   1 Frwin   1 Frwin	136 119 117 110 85 90 132 37 133	20 15	Sunday 2 Smith. 3 Dunlap. 4 Miller. 5 Beckley. 6 Carroll 7 Kuehne. 8 Coleman. 9 Fields.	119 130 81 103 71 96 137 115 44	27 20 18 17
Total		315	Total		278
NEW YORK.			PHILADELPHIA		
PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	Players.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
I Ewing. 2 Tiernan. 3 Ward. 4 Richardson 5 Connor. 6 Slattery. 7 O'Rourke 8 Gore. 9 Whitney.	103 112 135 134 103 107 64 90	38 35 27 26 25	I Fogart 2 Delahanty 3 Andrews 4 Farrar 5 Wood 6 Irwin 7 Mulvey 8 Sanders, 9 Bastian	120 74 123 130 105 124 99 57	58 38 35 21 20 19 18 13

Total .....

CHICAGO.		DETROIT.			
PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.	PLAYERS.	Games.	Stolen Bases.
Pfeffer	134 134 132 S1	60 34 28 25 21 13	I Hanlon 2 Brouthers 3 Campau 4 Twitchell 5 Richardson 6 White 7 Ganzell 5 Rowe 9 Getzein	108 129 70 130 57 125 93 105 45	38 34 27 14 13 12 12 10 6
Total		264	Total		166

The following table is for immediate reference. It shows the winning club for each season from 1871 to 1888 inclusive; as also the manager of each of the champion clubs of each year:

Year.	Winning club.	Manager.	Victories.	Defeats.	Games Played
1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886	Boston Boston Boston Boston Chicago Boston Boston Boston Boston Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Boston Providence Chicago Chicago Doston Drovidence Chicago Chicago Chicago Doston Drovidence Chicago	Anson	22 39 43 52 71 52 31 55 56 56 56 56 56 57 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	78 16 18 8 14 17 19 23 18 29 35 28 25 34 45	29 47 59 70 79 66 48 60 73 84 84 84 98 112 112 1124
1888	New York	Mutrie	84	47	131

It will be seen that in the old Professional Association the Boston club won the pennant four times, and the Athletics once, while in the League the Chicago Club won it six times, the Boston Club three times, the Providence Club twice, and the Detroit and New York once each. The best percentage of victories was made by the Boston Club in 1875, that being the best on record in professional club history.

#### THE CHAMPION LEAGUE TEAM OF 1888.

Though the New York Club's team for 1888 included over twenty different players, only seven of them took part in one hundred championship matches and over, and these were Richardson, 135; Connor, 134; Ward, 122; Tiernan, 113; O'Rourke, 107; Ewing, 103, and Slattery, 103. Whitney took part in 90; Gore in 64; Keefe in 51; Welch in 47; Foster in 37; Murphy in 28; Hatfield in 27; Titcomb in 23; Brown in 17, and Crane in but 11. All the others played in less than ten games. The first nine were Keefe p, Ewing c, Connor 1b, Richardson 2b, Whitney, 3b, Ward ss, O'Rourke If, Slattery cf, and Tiernan, rf, these playing the nine positions respectively. The appended table presents an interesting epitome of the work done on the field by the New York team in the championship contests of the past season:

New York.	Chicago.	Philadelphia.	Boston.	Detroit.	Pittsburg.	Indianapolis.	Washington.	Totals,
Victories	8	14	12	11	Io	14	15	84
Defeats	II	5	8	7	7	5	4	47
Drawn Games	1	Ī	0	2	2	Ō	1	7 5
Series Won	0	1	1	1	0	1	I	5
Series Lost	1	0	Ο,	0	0	0	0	I
Series Unfinished	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	6.
Victories by Forfeit	0	0	0	0	ī	0	ò	1
"Chicago" Victories	2	1	1	2	4	3	6	19
"Chicago" Defeats	1	0	I	0	I	0	0	3
Single Figure Victories	5	12	10	11	8	ΙΙ	14	71
Single Figure Defeats		4	8	5	7	- 5	4	44
Double Figure Victories	3	2	2	0	I	3	2	13
Double Figure Defeats	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	4
Extra Innings Games	1	2	3 5	I	I	0	I	9
Victories at Home	4	8	5	5	6	7	8	43
Defeats at Home	5.	I	5	3	4	2	3	23
Victories Abroad	4	6	7	5	4	7	7	40
Defeats Abroad	6	4	3	4	3	3	1	24

#### THE PITCHING RECORD.

The pitching record of the champion team of 1888 is worthy of note in regard to the figures showing the victories won and defeats

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#### THE FULL LEAGUE RECORD.

The following record presents the scores of the total victories won by every League Club each year since the National League was organized, the table presenting the figures of thirteen consecutive seasons from 1876 to 1888 inclusive:

						1	1	1			1			30
	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1588	$\sim$
	<u> </u>		<u></u> -											
Chicago	52	18	30	44	67	56	55	59	62	87	90	71	77	13
Boston	39	31	41	49	40	38	45	63 58	73	46	56	61	70	13
Providence			38	55	52	47	52	58	84	53				8
Detroit	l					41	42	40	28	41	87	79	68	0
Buffalo				44	24	45	45	52	64	38	1			17
Cleveland				24	47	36	42	55	35			•:::	1	6
New York					• • • • •			46	62	85	75	68	8.	6
Philad'lphia							•••	17	39	56	71	75	(6)	6
St. Louis	45	19								38	43			] #
Cincinnati	9		37	38	21									1.4
Troy				19	41	39	35							4
Worcester					40	32	18					1	150	3
Washington											26	46	48	3
Indianapolis			24									37	59	3
Hartford	47	24												2
Louisville	30	28											1.55.	2
Pittsburg												55	66	1 2
Athletic	14											• • • •		1 1
Mutual	2 I					• • •						• • • •		1 1
Syracuse				15										I
Milwaukee			15									• • • •		
Kansas City												29		1
									I		-		-	
Totals	257	120	185	288	332	334	334	390	447	444	448	521	541	

#### THE COMPLETE RECORD.

Following is a summary showing the results of each year's campaign since the organization of the League:

т	8	7	6
1	U	1	v.

• .	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.		Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	47 45	14 21 19 31	.691	Louisville	30 21 14 9	36 35 45 56	·455 ·375 ·237 ·135

#### 1877.

					manager and a second second
Boston	31	17	1.648  St. Louis	10	20 1,306
Louisville	28	20	.648   St. Louis     .583   Chicago	r8	30 .374
Hartford	24	24	500		

#### 1878.

1878.									
	00M 30 24 15	30 36 45							
1879.									
Providence         55         23         .705         Cincinnati.           Boston         49         29         .628         Cleveland.           Chicago.         44         32         .579         Troy           Buffalo         44         32         .579         Syracuse	38 24 10 15	36 53 56 27	·514 ·312 ·253 ·357						
1880.									
Chicago         67         17         .798         Worcester           Providence         52         32         .619         Boston           Cleveland         47         37         .559         Buffalo           Troy         41         42         .494         Cincinnati	40 40 24 21	43 44 58 59	.4 <sup>8</sup> 2 .474 .293 .263						
1881.									
Chicago.         56         28         .667   Troy           Providence         47         37         .559   Boston           Buffalo.         45         38         .542   Cleveland           Detroit         41         43         488   Worcester	39 38 36 36 32	45 45 48 50	.464 .458 .429 .390						
1882.									
Chicago.         55         29         .655         Cleveland            Providence         52         32         .619         Detroit            Buffalo         45         39         .536         Troy            Boston         45         39         .536         Worcester	42 43 35 18	40 41 48 66	.512 .506 .422 .214						
1883.									
Boston         63         35         643         Buffalo           Chicago         59         39         602         New York           Providence         58         40         592         Detroit           Cleveland         55         42         567         Philadelphia	52 46 49 17	45 50 58 81	· 539 · 479 · 408 · 173						
1884.									

Providence	84	28	1.750  New York	62	50 .554
Boston	73	38	.658 Philadelphia	39	73 .348
Buffalo	64	47	577 Cleveland	35	77 .313
Chicago,	62	50	.750   New York   .658   Philadelphia   .577   Cleveland   .554   Detroit   .	28	84 .250

#### 1885.

		• 00		 		
	Won.	Per cent.		Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	85   2 56   5	7 .758	Boston Detroit Buffalo St. Louis	 46   41   38   36	66 67 74 72	.379 .339 .333
		188	36.			
Chicago	87   3 75   4	36 .707 14 .630	Boston St. Louis Kansas City Washington	 56   43   30   28	61 79 91 92	.478 .352 .247 .233
<b>∞</b>		188	57•			
Detroit	71 5	8 .610	Boston	 61 55 46 37	60 69 76 89	.504 .414 .377 .294
		188	38.			
New York	77 8	58 .510	Detroit Pittsburg Indianapolis Washington	 63 66 <b>50</b> 48	63 68 8 <b>5</b> 86	.370

A summary of the above shows that the Chicago club won the championship six times; the Boston club three times; the Providence club twice, and the Detroit and New York clubs once each. The Chicago club has the and the record of a single season—90 victories and 34 defeats—and he highest percentage of victories 798. The only clubs which played in every single season were the Chicago and Boston clubs.

# THE LEAGUE AVERAGES FOR 1888.

The following is the official batting record of players members of League Clubs who have taken part in fifteen or more championship games.

SEASON OF 1888.

_	1											
Rank	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Averger Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Bases Stolen.	Ате. рег Саше.
1 12 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 144 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 627 28	Anson. Beckley. Ryan. Kelly. { Ewing. } Brouthers. Quinn. White. Johnston. Tiernan Connor. Richardson. } Van Haltren. Nash. Duffy Thompson. Hines. { Rowe. Miller. Conway. Hoy.  Buckley. O'Rourke. Brown. Glasscock. { Hanlon. McGuire. Bennett. Dunlap. Denny. Nicholson Sutcliffe. Pettit. Ward.	Chicago Pittsburg Chicago Pittsburg Chicago Boston New York Detroit Boston Detroit Boston New York  Detroit Chicago Detroit Holago Detroit Chicago Detroit Holago Detroit Holago Detroit Undianapolis Detroit Washington Indianapolis New York  "Indianapolis New York  "Indianapolis Detroit Phil & Detroit Phil & Detroit Pittsburg Letroit Pittsburg Indianapolis Detroit Chicago New York "Chicago New York	134 71 130 105 103 38 125 135 113 134 57 113 135 105 103 44 136 71 112 108 113 107 117 112 108 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 11	515 283 549 440 415 522 156 527 585 443 481 266 318 526 298 238 513 441 404 4167	101 135 115 85 83 118 19 75 102 75 60 46 71 60 51 84 62 50 28 77 50 41 63 64 117 24	0.75 0.49 0.88 0.80 0.90 0.50 0.60 0.75 0.66 0.59 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	1777 97 182 140 127 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 15	.343 .342 .331 .318 .296 .298 .295 .291 .289 .283 .282 .281 .277 .277 .277 .277 .277 .275 .265 .265 .261 .261 .261 .261 .261 .261 .261 .261	5224 1111 285 205 43 200 276 48 200 276 182 224 117 130 168 159 171 154 171 145 157 102 106 220 33 59 62	1.88 1.70 2.19 1.95 1.89 1.89 1.80 2.04 1.61 1.60 2.05 1.60 1.54 1.60 1.54 1.60 1.54 1.41 1.41 1.29 1.40 1.35 1.44 1.35 1.44 1.35 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.45 1.4	28 20 56 53 34 12 12 35 527 13 21 20 4 8 38 0 4 4 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	₩ - 0.20 00.285 00.583 00.265 00.026 00.
39 30 31 32 33	Williamson Beaton Pfeffer Ganzell Clements Brown Ray Farrar	Chicago Detroit Chicago Detroit Philadelphia Boston	16 135 93 85		8 90 45 26 62 26	0.57 : 0.50	113 129 96 80 104 51	.250 .250 .249 .248 .247 .247	175 25 193 119 100 155 65	1.32 1.56 1.43 1.28 1.17 1.45	25 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64 (64	0.19 0.06 0.47 0.13 0.08 0.48 0.14

# BATTING RECORD.—Continued.

-				1					ī	1 1	1.7
			١.				Hits.		1	ا م	a di
			Played	نب	-:1	Game.	Ξ		١.	per Game.	el B
			<u> </u>	Bat.	ē	8	H	oi.	o.	8	a B
	NAME.	CLUB.	===	-	5	9	96	ığ.	8	0	719
	IN ALBILIA.	CLUD.	4	at	Scored.	1	Base	ta	Вавев.	H	Strlen.
!			Games	Times at		Ave. per	m	Percentage	=	l a l	, B
Rat.k.	i		Ĕ	ا م	Runs		First	ະ	Total	ا نہ ا	Вавон Ате. р
6			E	5	=	ě	Ë	er	5	Ave.	88
24			9	H	~	<	124	д	H	4	Basca Stelen. Ave. per Game.
		731 (3 ) 7 7 1 1		200		2 45		0.45	77.4		40 0 03
!	(Sanders	Philadelphia	57	236	27	0.47	58	.245		1.29	13 0.23
34	₹ Getzein	Detroit	45		• 14	0.31	41	.245	50	1.11	6 0.13
- 1	Slattery	New York		391	49	0.47	96	.245		1.18	26 0.25
85	Twitchell	Detroit		524	71	0.54	128	.244		1.28	14 0.10
36	Carroll	Pittsburg		362	61	0.63	88	.243		1.22	18 0.19
87	Bassett	Indianapolis	128	481	57	0.44	116	.241		1.15	24 0.19
	J Hernung	Boston	107	431	61	0.57	103	.239	134	1.25	29 0.27
88	Wise	"	104	417	66	0.63	100	.239	155	1.49	33 0.31
- 1	Burns	Chicago	134	483		0.44	115	.238	152	1,13	34 0.25
39	Andrews	Philadelphia	123	524		0.60		.238	157	1.27	35 0.28
اد	Myers	Indianapolis	66		35	0.53	59	.238	72		28 0.42
40	Shoeneck	in polici.		169		0.31	40	.237	44		11 0.23
ı	(Sullivan	Chicago	75			0.53	74	.235		1.56	9 0.12
41	Fogarty	Philadelphia	120			0.59		.235		1.14	58 0.48
42	Kuhne	Pittsburg	137	520		0.44	122	.234		1.28	34 0.25
43		I Itobburg	119			0.57		.233			
	Sunday Farrell	Chicago	63			0.54	56	.232	80		$\begin{array}{c c} 71 & 0.59 \\ 8 & 0.12 \end{array}$
44	Wood.	Philadelphia	105	423		0.63		, 230 1230		1.46	20 0.12
45	Coloman		115	434		0.41		.230	118	1.02	15 0.13
1	Co eman	Pittsburg	40								
46	Tate	Boston	37			0.45	34	.329		1.10	0.07
	Healy	Indianapolis		131		0.38	30	.229	42	1.10	50.13
47	Delehanty	Philadelphia.	74	290		0.54	66	.227	82		38 0.51
48	Richardson	New York	135			0.60	127	.226	176	1.30	35 0.26
49	{ Daily	Washington	110		56	0.50	102	.225	139	1.26	44 0.40
	O'Brien		133			0.31	119	.225	167	1.25	10 0.08
50	Wilmot		119	473		0.51	106	.224	146		46 0.38
- 1	Dalrymple	Pittsburg	56	223		0.33	50	.224	64		7 0.12
51	Irwin	Washington	37	126		0.38	28	.222	36		15 0.40
	(Irwin	Philadelphia	124	444	51	0.41	98	.220	115	0.92	19 0.15
52	{ Seery	Indianapolis	133			0,65	110	.220	163	1.23	80 0.60
- 1	Gore	New York	64			0.57	56	.220	72	1.12	11 0.17
	(McGeachy	Indianapolis	118	452		0.38	99	.219	115	0.97	490.41
53	{ Esterbrook		64			0.32	54	.219	61	0.95	11 0.17
- 1	Whitney	New York	90			0.31	72	. <b>2</b> 19	87	0.96	7 0.07
54	Sutton	Boston	28	110	16	[0.57]	24	.218	32	1.14	10 0.35
0.3	Daily	Indianapolis	57	202		0.24	44	.218	52		15 0.26
55	Mulvey	Philadelphia	99	394	37	0.37	85	.215	105	1.06	18 0.12
00	) Radbourne	Boston	24	79	6	0.25	17	.215	18	0.75	4 0.16
56	Cleveland	N. Y. & Pitts	40	145	17	0.42	31	.214	51	1.27	4 0 10
. 00	Shomberg	Indianapolis	29	112	11	0.38	24	.214	33	1.13	60.20
57	Darling	Chicago	20	75	13	0.65	16	213	27	1.35	00.00
58	Mail	Pittsburg	73	255	21	0.29	54	.211	71	0.97	90.12
	( Myers	Washington	132	502		0.35	104	.207	139	1,05	20 0.15
59	Smith	Pittsburg	130	477		0.44	99	.207	131	1.00	37 0 27
60	Hallman	Philadelphia	16	63	5	0.31	13	.206	19	1.19	1 0 06
61	Gleason	"	23	83		0.17	17	205	20	0.87	3 0.13
62	Campau	Detroit	70	251		0.40	51	203	65	0.93	27 0 38
- 1	Scheffler		27	94		0.63	19	.202	24	0.89	4 0.15
63	Burdock	Boston	21	79		0.24	16	202	16	0.76	1 0.05
64	Donnelly	Washington	122	428		0.35	86			0.85	44 0.36
V-1	Donnerry	TI SELLINGUOTI	1.00	140	40	0.00	00		1107		2710.00

## BATTING RECORD.—Continued.

_	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	T		
Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave. per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Вачен Stolen.	Ave. per Game.	
65	Widner	Washington	15	60	4	0.26	12	-000	40	0.00	1	0.07	
66		Boston	134	486		$0.20 \\ 0.44$	96	.200 .197	12	$0.80 \\ 1.00$		$0.07 \\ 0.15$	
67		Washington	16	51		0.12	10	.196		0.75		0.08	
	/ Clasters	Boston		205		0.37	40	.195		0.75		0.09	
68	Fields	Pittsburg	44	1t9		0.50	33	.195	47			0.20	
	(0.1	Philadelphia.		134		0.38	26	.195		$\frac{1.09}{0.92}$		0.05	
<b>6</b> 9	McShannic	Pittsburg	26	98		0.19	19	.194		$0.92 \\ 0.77$	õ	0.05	
70	Bastian	Philadelphia.		275		0.38		.194		0.77	10	0.15	
71	Daily	Chicago		219	34	0.52	4	.191		0 83	iñ	0 15	
72	Welch	New York		169		0.34	32	.189		0 89		0 08	
73	Mack	Washington		300	49	0.57	56	.186		0.90		0 36	
74	Schock	" dolington		317	46	0.51	58	.183		0.15		0.25	
75	f Fuller	"		170	11	0.22	31	.162	38	0.77		0.12	
•0	Shreve	Indianapolis	30	115	10	0.28	21	.182	24	0.66		0.14	
76	§ Flint	Chicago	22	77	6	0 27	14	.181	17	0.77	1	0.64	
	Hatfield	New York	27	105	7	0.26	19	181	20	0.74	8	0.29	
77 78	O'Rourke	Boston	20	74	3	0.15	13	.175	13	0.65	2	0.10	
78	Buffinton	Philadelphia		156	13	0 29	27	.173		0.72	1	0.02	
79	Whitney	Washington		141	13	0 31	24	.170	27	0 64	3	0.07	
80	Murphy	New York		106	11	0.39	18	.169	20	0.71	3	0.10	
81	Klusman	Boston		107	9	0 32	18	.168	28	1.00	3	0.11	
82	∫ Madden	"	19	67	7	0.36	11	.164	11	0.58	4	0.21	
-	Krock	Chicago		134	9	0.23	22	.164		0 64	1	0.02	
83	Deasley	Washington	34	127	6	0.17	20	.157		0.67		0.66	
	Wells	Detroit	16	57	5	0.31	9	.157		0 63		0.00	
84	Glenn	Boston	19	65		0.42		.154		0.63		00.0	
85	Савеу	Philadelphia		118	11	0.33	18	.152		0 66		0 06	
86	Baldwin	Chicago		106		0.37		. 151		0.80		0.13	
87	Sowders	Bos on		122		0 40		.147	20	0.57		0.03	
01	Burdick	Indianapolis	20	68		0.30	10	.147		0.55		0.00	
88	Foster	New York		136		0.40	20	. 147		0.73		0.35	
89	Boyle	Indianapolis.		125		0.35	18	144		0.57		0 03	
90	Galvin	Pitteburg		175	9	0.12	25	.143		0.62		80.0	
91	Gruber	Detroit	27 47	92 166	0	0.29	13 23	·141 .138		0.63		0 00	
92	O'Day	Washington	24	85	0	$0.12 \\ 0.25$	11	129		0.53	3	0.08 0.08	
93	Staley Keefe	Pittsburg New York		181	10	$0.25 \\ 0.19$		.127	12	0. <b>5</b> 0 0.64	20	ს. <b>სა</b> მ.06	
94	Titcomb	Mew Tork	23	82		$0.19 \\ 0.26$	10	.122		$0.64 \\ 0.56$		0.21	
95	Morris	Pittsburg		186	12	0.20	19	102		$0.30 \\ 0.42$		0.04	

#### FIELDING RECORD.

Of Players, Members of League Clubs, who have taken part in fifteen or more Championship Games, Season of 1883.

#### FIRST BASEMEN.

	F	IKSI BASEME	7 14 .					
Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted,
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		Chicago New York Pittsburg Philadelphia Boston Ind.anapolis Pittsburg Washington Iudianapolis Detroit Pittsburg Indianapolis	184 61 25 182 48 129 37	`	65 43 19 53 72 20 4 38 16 48 9	20 26 16 30 31 16 6 33 14 42 13	1428 1501 654 245 1343 531 1435 414	.973
10078910112 10111213415	Bastian Richardson Dunlap Weholson Pfeffer Richardson Bassett Myers Klusman Quinn Smith Nash Burdock Ganzell Delehanty	Philadelphia New York Pitisburg Detroit Chicago Detroit Indianapolis Washington Boston  "Pittsburg Bos on Detroit Poiladelphia  "HIRD BASEMI	65 135 81 24 135 57 128 132 28 38 56 31 21 51	145 321 237 44 421 173 250 271 63 97 131 90 53 110	259 423 276 71 457 185 423 899 75 115 184 108 68 168 170	23 46 33 8 65 29 57 60 13 20 33 21 13 31 44	427 790 546 123 943 387 730 730 151 232 248 219 134 809 343	.942 .939 .935 .931 .925 .921 .918 .914 .905 .904 .903
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Nash Kuhne McShannic Burns Denny Mulvey Whitney Donnelly Sutton White Ewing	Boston. Pittsburg Chicago Indianapolis. Philadelphia. New York. Washington. Boston Detroit New York.	104 74 26 134 96 99 90 117 27 125 21	139 95 39 194 158 87 90 126 32 146 32	250 166 49 273 214 174 184 230 47 244	37 26 9 49 44 32 35 51 13 65	426 287 97 516 416 293 809 407 92 455	.909 .907 .905 .894 .890 .886 .874 .858 .857
12 13	Buckley	Indianapolis New York & Pitts'g.	21 40	27	28 57	12 23	107	.189 .785

#### SHORT STOPS.

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted.
Smith   Indianapolis   199   201   334   59   594   900   304   37   373   900   304   37   373   900   304   37   373   900   304   37   373   900   304   37   373   900   304   374	1		Indianapolis						
Glascock   Indianapolis   109   201   334   59   594   900	2		Pittsburg						
1   1   2   2   3   3   4   6   4   6   2   3   0   0	. 1								
Shock   Washington   52 84 168 28 280 900   4   Williamson   Chicago   132 120 375 62 557 888   5   Wise   Boston   89 179 271 57 507 887   6   Ray   4   7 58 130 26 214 378   6   7   Rowe   Detroit   105 133 312 72 517 860   8   Irwin   Washington   27 54 87 23 164 889   9   Ward   New York   122 185 331 86 603 857			Indianapolis		201				
Sutcliffe         Detroit         24         39         88         14         141         900           4         Williamson         Chicago         132         120         375         62         557         888           5         Wise         Boston         89         179         271         57         507         887           6         Ray         47         58         130         26         214         878           7         Rowe         Detroit         105         133         312         72         517         860           8         Irwin         Washington         27         54         87         23         164         459           9         Ward         New York         122         185         331         86         602         857	3	{ Irwin							
4         Williamson         Chicago         132         120         375         62         557         888           5         Wise         Boston         89         179         271         57         507         887           6         Ray         47         58         130         26         214         878           7         Rowe         Detroit         105         133         312         72         517         860           8         Irwin         Washington         27         54         87         23         164         859           9         Ward         New York         122         185         331         86         602         857		Shock	Washington						
Wilse     Boston     89     179     271     57     507     887       6     Ray     "     47     58     130     26     214     878       7     Rowe     Detroit     105     133     312     72     517     860       8     Irwin     Washington     27     54     87     23     164     839       9     Ward     New York     122     185     331     86     602     857	1	Sutcliffe						141	
	4								
	5	Wise						507	.887
	6		l						
	7								
	8		Washington						
	9		New York						
10 Fuller   Washington   47   07   140   55   245   045	10	773 33	Washington	47	67	140	38	245	845

#### FIELDERS.

	(O'Rourke	New York	87	130	13	6	149 .959
1	Tiernan	44	113	174	16	8	198 .959
2	Glenn	Boston	19	42	2	2	46 .956
3	Sanders	Philadelphia	25	38	5	2	45 .955
4	Hornung	Boston	107	151	10	9	170 .947
4 5	Maul	Pittsburg	34	59	8	4	71 .943
6	Seery	Indianapolis	133	258	19	18	295 .939
7	Sunday	Pittsburg	119	292	27	21	340 .938
- 1	(Campau	Detroit	70	101	10	8	119 932
8	McGeachy	Indianapolis	117	194	27	16	237 .932
9	Pettit	Chicago	43	46	8	4	58 .931
10	Fogarty	Philadelphia	116	239	26	20	285 .929
•	(Sullivan	Chicago	75	114	13	10	137 .927
11	Coleman	Pittsburg	90	160	20	14	194 .927
•	Slattery	New York	103	187	16	18	221 .918
12	Hanlon	Detroit	108	230	7	21	258 .918
13	Miller	Pittsburg	32	58	7	6	71 .915
14	Daily	Washington	100	179	19	19	217 .912
	( Hines	Indianapolis	124	255	13	26	294 .911
15	Delehanty	Philadelphia	17	28	3	3	- 34 .911
16	Duffy	Chicago	67	103	19	13	134 .910
17	Dalrymple	Pittsburg	57	80	9	9	98 .908
18		Philadelphia	103	175	15	20	210 .904
19	Andrews	66	123	210	23	25	258 . 903
	(Johnston	Boston	135	286	30	36	352 .897
20	Hoy	Washington,	136	296	26	37	359 .897
21	Brown	Boston	107	172	18	22	212 .836
22	Shock	Washington	35	59	7	8	74 .892
23	Fields	Pittsburg	29	49	6	7	62 .887
24	Twitchell	Detroit	129	195	13	27	235 .885
25	Farrell		31	50	3	7	60 .883

# FIELDERS' AVERAGES—Continued.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Total Chances. Percentage
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Thompson Ryan Van Haltren Wilmot Foster Scheffler Gore Carroll Kelly	Detroit	55 125 54 119 37 27 64 38	86 217 73 260 64 49 88 45 28	4 34 9 19 5 1 4 2	12 35 12 41 12 9 18 10 12	102 .882 286 .877 94 872 320 .872 81 .851 59 .847 110 .886 57 .824 44 .727

## CATCHERS' AVERAGES.

Rank.	NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Passed Balls.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted.
1 2 3	Bennett	Detroit	72	424	94 41	18 9	14 15	550 221	.941 .891
2	Ganzell		25	156 400	107	33	36		.880
- 8	Daily	Chicago	62 84	494	104	47	39		.874
4	Clements	Philadelphia New York,	78	480	143	35	65	723	.861
5 6	Ewing	Detroit	16	96	25	11	9	141	.858
6	Wells	Indianapolis	46	211	63	21	27	322	
7	Myers	Chicago	22	96	42	11	14		.846
7 8 9	Fiint	Washington	79	361	$1\tilde{52}$	47	48	608	.843
-	(Deaslev	66	31	177	60	20	25	282	.840
10	Murphy	New York	28	186	56	23	23	288	
11	Darling	Chicago	20	139	<b>2</b> 6	12	21	198	.833
12	Buckley	Indianapolis	48	213	60	31	28	332	.822
.13	Miller	Pittsburg	68	268	76	35	48	427	.805
14	O'Rourke	Boston	20	89	37	17	14	157	
15	Tate	"	40	188	64	43	19	314	
16	Kelly	66	74	367	146	77	54	644 406	
17	Carroll	Pittsburg	53	265	58	37	46 41		791
18		Indianapolis	42	215	69	34 19	26	203	
19	Brown	New York	17	134	24 50		34	287	
20		Chicago	31 27	171 148	39		29		.760
21	Schriver	Philadelphia	16		16		21		.687
22	Arundel	Washington	1 113	1 00	10	1 10	· ~1	1 710	

#### PITCHERS' RECORD IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER.

NAME.	CLUB.	Games Played.	Times at Bat of Opponents.	Runs Scored by Opponents.	Ave. per Game.	Runs Earned by Opponents.	Ave. per Game.	Fir.t Base Hits Made by Opponents.	Percentage.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding Errors.	Wild Pitches.	Bases given opponents on called balls.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted
Buffinton	Philadelphia	44	1492	134	3.04	72	1.63	321	015	31	322	10	12	62	400	200
Baldwin	Chicago	28	960	125	4.46	65	2,32		.215 .242	11	208	.5	18	99	437 341	.808 .642
Burdick	Indianapolis	20	700	88	4.40	52	2.60	167	.238	14	87	5	14	44	164	.616
Boyle	66	37	1294	181	4.89	90	2.43	317	245	14	180		20	59	280	.692
Conway	Detroit	44	1508	168	3.82	84	1.91	315	208	10	267	7	12	57	353	.784
Clarkson	Boston	53	1885	239	4.51	120	2.26	436	231	24	351	22	37	119	553	.678
Casey	Philadelphia	32	1141	153	4.78	86	2.69	296	259	<b>1</b> 5	176	~~~	15	48	263	.726
Getzein	Detroit	45	1626	224	4.90	137	3.04	402	247	29	276		24	52	397	.768
Gleason	Philadelphia	23	791	106	4.61	57	2.48	200	252	6	128	13	14	53	214	.626
Galvin	Pittsburg	50	1760	193	3.86	123	2.46	437	248	23	224	10	11	58	326	.758
Gruber	Detroit	27	934	124	4.59	57	2.11	199	213	4	121	8	14	42	189	.661
Healy	Indianapolis	37	1326	204	5.51	128	3.46	357	269	5	206	15	22	81	329	641
Krock	Chicago	39	1294	143	3.66	74	1.89	293	.226	4	217	12	18	45	296	$.74\hat{6}$
Keefe	New York	50	1643	149	2.99	75	1.50	329	.200	29	410	17	24	86	566	.775
Madden	Boston	19	648	84	4.42	53	2.79	154	.237	4	95	4	8	28	139	712
Morris	Pittsburg	54	1911	213	3,94	114	2.11	459	.240	20	240		17	70	355	.732
O'Day	Washington	46	1545	215	4.67	108	2.34	374	.242	19	252	7	23	123	424	.639
Radbourne	Boston	24	791	110	4.58	67	2 79	192	.242	14	104	6	9	44	177	.666
Shreve	Indianapolis	35	1235	210	6.00	134	3.82	356	.2:8	7	173	16	31	94	321	.560
Sowders	Boston	. 35	1219	155	4.43	69	1.97	283	.232	23	192	-8	16	71	310	693
Staley	Pittsburg	24	774	103	4.29	58	2.41	186	.240	8	127	5	8	52	200	.675
Sanders	Philadelphia	31	1097	113	3.64	57	1.84	247	.225	17	194	7	10	34	262	.805
Titcomb	New York	23	756	97	4.21	41	1.78	159	.210	1	157	8	9	48	223	.708
VanHaltren	Chicago New York	27	967	160	5.92	81	3.00	264	.273	25	181	5	24	53	288	.715
Welch	New York	47	1592	156	3.32	80	1.70	330	.207	16	248	17	20	113	414	. 637
Whitney	Washington	39	1309	181	4.64	94	2.41	317	.242	24	145	11	10	60	25∪	.676

# BASE BALL GUPDE.

# BATTING AND FIELDING RECORD

Of Clubs, Members of the National League of Professional B. B. Clubs.

#### SEASON OF 1888.

-			1					BAT	ring.								FI	ELD:	ING.		
Rark.	CLUB.	Games Played.	<b>Games</b> Won.	Times at Bat.	Runs Scored.	Ave. per Game.	Runs Earned.	Ave. per Game.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.	Total Bases.	Ave. per Game.	Baces Stolen.	Ave. per Game.	Number Put Out.	Times Assisting.	Fielding	Passed Balls Wild Pitche	Bases given Opponents on Called Balls.	Total Chances.	Percentage Accepted.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	New York Chicago Philadelphia Boston Detroit Indianapolis Pittsburg Washington	137 135 130 137 134 137 136 136	*77 69 70 68 +66 50	4751 4616 4496 4835 4859 4678 4626 4548	535 669 721 531 600	5.43 4.11 4.88 5.38 3.87 4.41	441 272 355 423 308 269	2.27 1.97	1202 1017 1180 1268 1061 1112	.260 .226 .244 .261 .226 .240	1753 1298 1673 1724 1359	12.21 12.86 9.92 10.61	292 246 292 192 287 851	2.16 1.89 2.13 1.43 2.09 2.58	3633 3549 3469 3652 3579 3581 3545	2305 2189 2288 2172 2048 2097	409	200 144 162 128 159 189	289 200 270 181 225 296	6921 6752 6431 6892 6534 6421 6580 6567	.879 .861 .880 .876 .857

<sup>\*1</sup> game forfeited to Philadelphia. +1 game forfeited to New York.

TIE GAMES.—New York 7, Chicago 1, Philadelphia 1, Boston 3, Detroit 3, Pittsburg 4, Indianapolis 1, Washington 2.

#### THE VETERANS OF THE LEAGUE.

Those of the players who have taken part in League contests tor not less than ten years are entitled to the honor of belonging to the ranks of the veterans of the League, and they include the following representative players, the majority of whom are now in League Clubs:

NAME.	Number of Season Played.	Number of Games Played.	Times at Bat.	First Base Hits.	Percentage.
Adrian C. Anson	13		4904		.357
James O'Rourke	13		4832		
James L. White	13		4610		.312
Paul Hines	13		5112		
E. B. Sutton.	13		4196		
John F. Morrill.	13		4695		
John J. Burdock	13		3584		.254
M. J. Kelly	11		4870		.325
A. Dalrymple	11		4041		.296
Joseph Start	11		3366		.295
E. N. Williamson	11		4163		
Geo. F. Gore	10		3689		
Hardy Richardson	10		3974		
John W. Glasscock	10		3847		
Chas. W. Bennett	10		2720		.279
Joseph Hornung	10		3706	988	.266
F. S. Flint	710		2759	669	242
Jas. McCormick	10		1957	464	
D. W. Force	10	746	2873	598	.20+

Of these Sutton, Dalrymple, Burdock and Force are in the service of minor League Clubs, while the retired players include Start and McCormick.

Those who have played for less than ten years and not less than seven include the following second class of veterans, the first class being limited to players who have a credit of a decade of service:

Dennis Brouthers	9	845 3578 1267 ,354
Rodger Connor	9	943 3870 1309 .338
J. C. Rowe	9	827 3548 1067 .300
Geo. A. Wood	9	854 3677 1024 .278
M. C. Dorgan	9	660 2719 756 .277
Thomas Burns		900 3597 990 .275
Edwin Hanlon		893 3629 972 267
Jno. M. Ward		
A. A. Irwin		
Jno. Farrell		
M. Welch	9	491 1817 433 .238

NAME.	Number of Seasons Played.	Number of Games Played.	Times at Bat.	First Base Hits.	Percentage,
B. Gilligan Jos. F. Galvin. Wm. Ewing. Fred Dunlap P. Gillesple. Thomas York. Robert Ferguson Jas. E. Whitney Jeremiah Denny. Chas. Radbourn George Shaffer Sam W. Wise. Jno. E. Clapp. W. A. Purcell.	998888888887777	510 524 640 707 703 566 538 525 824 530 521 698 398	1848 2000 2708 2972 2907 2291 2209 2085 3308 2092 2137 2826 1688 2136	380 418 812 867 817 617 596 555 881 517 602 785 465	209 208 299 292 278 269 266 265 247 281 277 275 261
J. P. Cassidy. J. J. Gerhardt. Geo. E. Weidman.	7	565	1718 2182 1273	489	.252 .224 1 4

Of the above Gillespie, Dorgan, Clapp, York, Ferguson and Cassidy have retired from field service.

One of the most interesting records of the games played in the professional arena during the past eighteen years of the existence, first of the old National Association from 1871 to 1875 inclusive, is and then of the National League from 1876 to 1888 inclusive, is that of the contests each year between the rival Boston and Chicago clubs, the former winning the pennant in 1872, '73, '74, '75, '77 and '78, and also in 1883; while Chicago won it in 1876 and in 1880, '81, '82, '85 and '86. As a matter for interesting reference, we give below the full record of victories and defeats scored by the two clubs from 1871 to 1888 inclusive. The Chicago Club did not play in 1872 and 1873, having been burned out in the great fire of '71.

	1871. 1872.		1873.			1874.   1875.		1876.		1877.		1878.		1879.				
				1											!		w.	
Boston Chicago	22 20	10 9	39		43	16	52 27	18 31	71 30	8 37	39 52	31 14	31 18	17 30	30	19 30	49 44	20 32

	1880.		1880.   1881.		1882.   1883.			188	34.	1885.		1886.		1887.		1888.		
	w.	L.	w.	L.	w.	W. L.		w.   L.		. L.	W.( L.		W. L.		W. L.		w.	L.
Boston Chicago.	40 67	44 17	38 56	45 28	45 55	39	63 59	35 39	73 62	38 50	46 87	66 25	56 90	61 34	61 71	60 <b>5</b> 0	70 77	64 58

#### THE LEAGUE'S PRESIDENT.

The close of the League campaign of 1888 saw the President of the League, Mr. N. E. Young, enter upon a new era in the history of his official duties, first as Secretary, then as President-Secretary, two positions he has so faithfully and efficiently filled since the organization of the League, Mr. Young was prominent in organizing the first professional National Association; and but for him Mr. Chadwick would not have been able to have carried out his project of dividing the baseball fraternity into the two officially recognized classes which he did when he started the first professional Association in 1871. From that year to 1875 inclusive, Mr. Young acted as Secretary of the old National Association. and when it was superseded by the National League in 1876 he was elected Secretary of the new organization, Mr. Bulkely, the present Governor of Connecticut, being the League's first President. Mr. Young was also Secretary under the Presidency of Mr. A. G. Mills, and when that gentleman resigned, the worthy Secretary was elected to the joint offices of President, Secretary and Treasurer of the League, and this position he has most capably filled ever since.

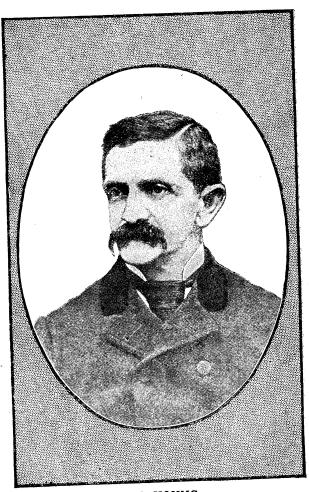
A Washington journalist has this well-merited compliment to say

of the veteran:

"The rugged honesty of the League president is a matter with which those interested in base ball have long been familiar. His residence is in Washington, and he was for years a player and umpire, having all the ups and downs usual to their lot, but he is now in very comfortable circumstances. The duties of his office require a cool-headed man, able to do justice to all without fear or favor. It is singularly trying at times, but though the intense rivalry of the different clubs sometimes causes the managers to lose their heads and charge unfairness against the umpires, not a word has ever been said that would in any way compromise Nick Young. It is an honor and credit to the baseball magnates that they have such a man at the head of the League."

# THE JOINT RULES COMMITTEE AND THEIR WORK.

The work accomplished by the Joint Rules Committee of the National League and the American Association at their meeting in New York in November, 1888, ranks with the best on record in the revision of the playing rules of the game, and the successful results achieved in improving the code was largely due to the marked efficiency evinced by the chairman of the Committee, Mr. Chas. H. Byrne, the president of the Brooklyn club, who was indefatigable in doing the large amount of revisory work which



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was thrown upon the committee. In the face of a very noisy and sensational demand for radical changes in the rules governing the game, the committee, as a whole, manifested a wise conservatism in several respects, which cannot help but be of material assistance in advancing the welfare of the game at large. In the first place, by reducing the powers of the attack nearer to an equality with those of the defence—which result was accomplished when they reduced the number of called balls from five to four they not only adopted a rule which will moderate the dangerous speed in delivering the ball to the bat, but they thereby afforded the batsman an additional chance for more effective work at the This latter point, too, has been aided by reducing the number of outs the batsman has hitherto been unfairly subjected to. The rule which puts batsmen out on catches of foul balls, which, since the game originated, has been an unfair rule of play, has seen its best day; and this year the entering wedge to its ultimate disappearauce has been driven in, with the practical result of the repeal of the foul tip catch. This improvement, too, is in the line of aiding the batting side, as it gets rid of one of the numerous ways of putting the batsman out.

The argument brought to bear in favor of the elimination of outs from foul balls from the code was in the main as follows:

When the batsman hits a fair ball, while at the same time that he gives the fielders a chance to put him out, he himself is also given an equal chance of making a base or of scoring a run; but when he hits a foul ball, while he affords the fielders an opportunity to catch him out, no such compensating advantage is given him in the way of earning a base or a run as in the case of a fair hit ball; and it is in this that the working of the foul ball rule becomes so palpably unjust. It is sufficient punishment for hitting a foul ball that he, as batsman, be deprived of making a base, without adding the unjust penalty of an out. This one sided condition of things, too, is increased when a double play is made on the catch of a foul ball, for not only is the batsman unfairly punished, but also the base runner who may have made the base by a clean hit.

It is this latter unfair rule which the committee repealed in getting rid of the foul fly tip; and now a batsman who has earned his base by a safe hit and who runs to the next base on a foul fly tip ball caught by the catcher, can no longer be put out on the double play, as he is now allowed to return to the base he left on

the hit, as in the case of a foul ball not caught.

Another step in advance was made by the committee when they officially recognized a sacrifice hit as a factor in team work at the bat. Hitherto far too great stress has been laid upon the alleged skill of the batsman in making extra hits—two and three baggers and home runs—at the cost of giving due credit to the batting

which forwards base runners and sends in runs. The work of the slugging batsman who, nearly every time he goes to the bat when no one is on the bases, makes an extra hit, does not compare with that of the team worker who either by a single base hit or a sacrifice hit forwards a runner round the bases, or sends a run in. Here is where the batting averages prove to be complete failures so far as affording a criterion of a batsman's value in team work is concerned; which work, by the way, is neither more nor less than that of forwarding base runners or sending runs in by batting—for one batsman may make four extra base hits in a game without forwarding a runner or sending in a run in a single instance, while another batsman may make but one safe hit and three sacrifice hits, and yet either forward as many runners or sendin as many runners or send in as many runners.

Probably the best piece of work done by the committee was the amendment they made to the rules governing the umpire, wherein, in defining the powers of an umpire to impose a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for abusive, threatening or improper language to the umpire, an amendment was made as follows:

"A repetition of the offence shall subject such player to a removal from the game, and the immediate substitution of another

player then in uniform."

Lastly, the rule admitting of an extra substitute being allowed to play in the game, at the option of the captain of either of the contesting teams, though an experiment, gives promise of being a desirable amendment. The classifying of the code of rules so as to facilitate the finding of any special rule during the hurry of a contest in progress, was also a desirable improvement. Take it altogether, the present committee did excellent work at their Fall meeting of 1888.

#### OVERRUNNING THE BASES.

Twenty odd years ago George Wright suggested to the Chairman of the old National Association's Committee of Rules that it would be a good plan to allow base runners to overrun first base, giving them the privilege to return and touch the base again without being put out, before attempting to make another base. The suggestion was adopted, and the rule went into effect in 1870, and it has been in operation ever since. When the amendment was presented at the convention of 1869, a delegate wanted the rule applied to all bases, but the majority preferred to test the experiment as proposed at first base. The rule of extending the overrunning to all the bases was advocated at the last meeting in 1888 of the Joint Committee of Rules, but it was not adopted. The rule is worthy of consideration, in view of the constant sprains and injuries of one kind and another arising from sliding to bases. There has not been a single instance of an injury occurring from

the working of the rule of overrunning first base since the rule was adopted, while serious injuries are of daily occurrence in match games, arising from collisions at other bases than first, and these are due entirely to the absence of the overrunning rule. The most irritating disputes caused by questions involved in sliding to bases and in running up against base players, are also due to the same cause. Why not put a stop to these injuries and these disputes by giving the base runner the same privileges in overrunning second, third and home bases that he now has in overrunning first base? In every way will the adoption of the rule suggested be an improvement, and not the least of its advantages will be its gain to base running, which is, next to fielding, the most attractive feature of our game.

#### THE PATRONS OF BALL GROUNDS.

There are two classes of the patrons of professional baseball grounds which club Presidents and Directors have their choice in catering to for each season, and these are, first, the reputable class, who prefer to see the game played scientifically and by gentlemanly exemplars of the beauties of the game; and second, the hoodlum element, who revel in noisy coaching, "dirty ball playing," kicking against the umpires, and exciting disputes and rows in every inning. The Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston Clubs in the League have laid out nearly \$200,000 within the past two years in constructing their grounds for the express purpose of eliciting the very best patronage of their respective cities. Brooklyn Club have excelled in this respect in the American Association by constructing their grounds for a similar class of patrons. But all of the clubs have not followed this example, the majority committing the blunder of considering only the tastes and requirements of the hoodlum class apparently in catering for patronage. This is a great financial mistake. Experience has shown conclusively that it pays best to cater solely for the best class of patronage. The work in doing this is so much more satisfactory for one thing, and it is sure to be the most remunerative. If there is any sport which yields a fair equivalent in the special attractions it presents for an admission fee of half a dollar, it is such ball playing as was exhibited during the past season on the grounds of the leading clubs of the National League. A feature of the attendance at the League games of 1888 was the presence of the fair sex in such goodly numbers. Where the ladies congregate as spectators of sports a refining influence is brought to bear which is valuable to the welfare of the game. Besides which, the patronage of ladies improves the character of the assemblages and helps to preserve the order without which first-class patronage cannot be obtained.